



## KRYTRON TRIGGER TUBES

**7229**

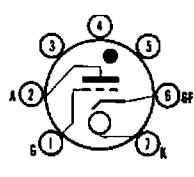
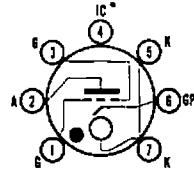
**7439**

**7600**

**7230**

**7599**

**7602**



**7228      7600**

**7230      7439**

**7599      7602**

### Miniature "Krytron" gaseous trigger tubes

### ELECTRICAL DATA

#### HEATER CHARACTERISTICS

Heater voltages . . . . . None required

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS (Absolute maximum values)

	<b>7599</b>	<b>7602</b>	
Anode operating voltage	300 to 1500	volts	
Anode hold-off voltage *	6	Kv	
Anode current, peak	500	amp	
Anode input	2	watts	
Glow current	30 to 150	$\mu$ amp	
Grid firing voltage	120 to 250	volts	
Grid firing pulse duration	2 to dc	$\mu$ sec	
Grid firing current	7	$\mu$ amp	
Grid resistor to ground	2.0	meg	
Anode delay time			
Temperature normal . . . . .	1.5	$\mu$ sec	
Temperature extremes . . . . .	1.5	$\mu$ sec	
Anode delay time variations	0.2		
Temperature normal . . . . .	0.2	$\mu$ sec	
Temperature extremes . . . . .	0.2	$\mu$ sec	

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS (Absolute maximum ratings)

	<b>7229</b>	<b>7439</b>	<b>7230</b>	
Anode operating voltage	1000	1000	1000	volts
Hold-off voltage *	2000	3000	3000	volts
Cathode current peak	500	500	500	amp
Glow current	100	100	100	$\mu$ A
Grid resistor	2.0	2.0	2.0	meg
Discharge capacitor	0.5	0.5	0.5	$\mu$ f
Power input	1.0	1.0	1.0	watt
Grid bias	$\pm 80$	$\pm 80$	$\pm 80$	volts
Grid pulse current	40	10	10	$\mu$ A
Output pulse duration	10	10	10	$\mu$ s
Ambient temperature range		$-55$ to $+85$		C
Anode delay time	4.0	2.0	2.0	$\mu$ s
Anode delay time variation	0.4	0.2	0.2	$\mu$ s
Pulse repetition rate	20 $\pm$	20 $\pm$	20 $\pm$	ppm
Potting temperature (not to exceed 2 hours)	—	—	125	C

### ENGINEERING DESIGN DATA

**7229 7230**  
**7439 7599**  
**7600 7602**

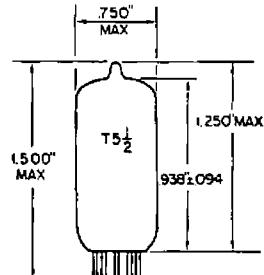
NOVEMBER 16, 1959

#### Cold cathode trigger tubes

**7229 7600**

#### MECHANICAL DATA

Cathode, cold	
Bulb	T-5½
Base, miniature button	
7-pin	(E7-1)
Mounting position	Any



#### PIN CONNECTIONS

Pin 1	Grid
Pin 2	Anode
Pin 3	Grid
Pin 4	I.C.*
Pin 5	Cathode
Pin 6	Glow pin
Pin 7	Cathode

\*Do not use

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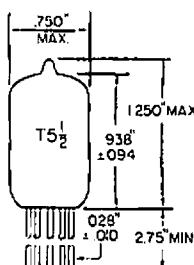
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Printed in U.S.A.

**7230 7439  
7599 7602**

**MECHANICAL DATA**

Cathode, cold	T-5½
Bulb	1.250" MAX.
Base, miniature button with 7 flexible leads	Any
Mounting position	



**LEAD CONNECTIONS**

Lead 1	Grid
Lead 2	Anode
Lead 3	Omitted
Lead 4	Omitted
Lead 5	Omitted
Lead 6	Glow pin
Lead 7	Cathode

**APPLICATION**

"Krytons" are cold-cathode miniature trigger and timer tubes used in applications where high hold-off voltage, short anode delay times, minimum anode delay variation and high pulse currents are required. Because of their special construction, they will withstand wide ambient temperature range, high impact shocks, and severe vibrational stresses. They will operate in sealed enclosures and after storage periods without requiring incident light or other extraneous energies to initiate the glow discharge.

**ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS FOR TYPES**

**7230**

**7602**

**OPERATION TESTS (Performed under special conditions)**

D-c trigger current d-c trigger voltage, pulse trigger voltage  
Anode delay time, anode delay time variation  
Keep-alive starting characteristics

**CONDITIONS FOR TESTS**

Oven temperature range of -55°C to +85°C  
Temperature cycles under MIL-E-1D 4.9.10  
After impact shock of 100g  
After vibration test of 10-500 cps up to 10g for 4.5 hours in 3 planes

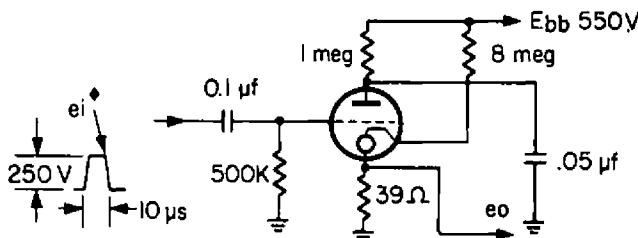
**TYPICAL OPERATION FOR CIRCUIT SHOWN All Types**

Anode operating voltage	550 volts
Grid voltage	0 volts
Glow current	50 nA

**MINIMUM CONDITIONS**

Anode operating voltage, d-c	400 volts
Cathode current peak	10 amp
Glow current	30 nA
Grid resistor	250,000 ohms
Grid pulse duration	10 nsec
Grid pulse amplitude	230 volts

Pulse repetition rate is governed by the relationship  $W = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 f$ , where  $C$  = discharge capacitor;  $V$  = Anode potential in kilovolts;  $W$  = power input, and  $f$  = repetition frequency.



♦ May be triggered manually by applying d-c momentarily to grid.

\* Hold-off voltage given is the highest voltage to which the tube may be safely subjected under any condition. Provision should be made that the circuitry, tube base and socket will withstand this voltage. This may be accomplished by wider spacing, insulation coating, pressurizing, reduction of moisture, etc.