# Hygrade Sylvania

#### TECHNICAL DATA

#### SYLVANIA TYPE 6K5G

### High-Mu Triode

#### TENTATIVE CHARACTERISTICS

| Heater | Voltage | AC | or | DC | ( | 5.3 | Volts  |
|--------|---------|----|----|----|---|-----|--------|
| Heater | Current |    |    |    | ( | 0.3 | Ampere |

#### Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

| Grid to Plate | 2.0 | μμΕ. |
|---------------|-----|------|
| Input         | 2.4 | μμΕ. |
| Output        | 3.6 | μμΕ. |

# OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS CLASS A AMPLIFIER

| Heater Voltage       | 6.3   | 6.3   | Volts          |
|----------------------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Plate Voltage        | 100   | 250   | Volts          |
| Grid Voltage *       | -1.5  | -3    | Volts          |
| Plate Current *      | 0.35  | 1.1   | Ma.            |
| Plate Resistance     | 78000 | 50000 | Ohms (Approx)  |
| Mutual Conductance   | 900   | 1400  | µmhos (Approx) |
| Amplification Factor | r 70  | 70    |                |

<sup>\*</sup> These are rating values only and not operating points with coupling resistor. See "Circuit Application."

## CIRCUIT APPLICATION

Sylvania 6K5G is a new high-mu triode glass tube equipped with an octal base. The characteristics of this amplifier are very similar to the triode section of Sylvania Type 6Q7G. The principal differences appear in the increased mutual conductance and corresponding reduction in plate impedance.

The amplification factor ( $\mu$  = 70) is somewhat lower than that of Type 6F5 or the triode section of Type 75, but

this lower value enables the use of a larger signal input both under 250 volt and 100 volt operating conditions before the grid swing reaches the grid current region. This feature also renders the value of grid bias less critical than with a tube having a higher amplification factor.

The triode section operated with a plate supply voltage of 250 volts and a plate load resistor of 100,000 to 250,000 ohms should have a negative grid bias of approximately 2.5 volts. When the triode is operated on a plate supply of 100 volts with a plate load resistor of 50,000 to 100,000 ohms, the negative grid bias should be of the order of 1.4 volts. For special application these values may be varied to suit the conditions.

