

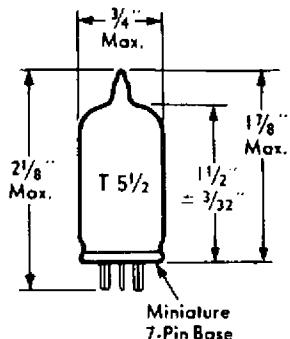
February 1, 1957

Dual-Control Pentode Type WL-6954

The WL-6954 is a sharp-cutoff dual-control pentode of 7-pin miniature construction designed for service in industrial and military equipment as a gating, mixing or delay tube.

GENERAL DATA

ELECTRICAL:

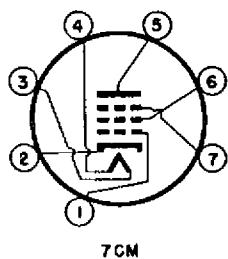


	Coated Unipotential	
Cathode	Volts
Heater		Ampere
Voltage (ac or dc)	6.3	
Current	0.3	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Unshielded)		
Grid 1 to Plate	0.0035 max.	uf
Grid 3 to Plate	1.5 max.	uf
Grid 1 Input	6.0	uf
Output	5.0	uf
Grid 3 to All Other Elements	3.0	uf
Coupling (Grid 1 to Grid 3)	0.09 max.	uf

MECHANICAL:

Bulb	T-5 1/2
Base	Miniature 7-Pin (JETEC E7-1)
Outline	5-2
Basing	7CM
Mounting Position	Any

OUTLINE DRAWING



SOCKET CONNECTIONS

BOTTOM VIEW

- PIN 1 - GRID 1
- PIN 2 - CATHODE AND INTERNAL SHIELD
- PIN 3 - HEATER
- PIN 4 - HEATER
- PIN 5 - PLATE
- PIN 6 - GRID 2
- PIN 7 - GRID 3

CHARACTERISTICS

Plate Voltage	150	Volts
Grid 2 (Screen) Voltage	150	Volts
Grid 3 Voltage	-3.0	Volts
Grid 1 Voltage	-1.0	Volts
Plate Resistance	50,000	Ohms
Transconductance		
Grid 1 to Plate	2050	μhos
Grid 3 to Plate	1000	μhos
Plate Current	5.8	Ma.
Grid 2 Current	6.6	Ma.
Grid 1 Cutoff □	-6.5	Volts
Grid 3 Cutoff ♦	-9.5	Volts

MAXIMUM RATINGS

(DESIGN CENTER VALUES)

Plate Voltage	300 max.	Volts
Grid 2 Supply Voltage	300 max.	Volts
Grid 2 Voltage		See Grid 2 Input Rating Chart
Positive Grid 1 Voltage	0 max.	Volts
Plate Dissipation	3.0 max.	Watts
Grid 2 Dissipation	1.0 max.	Watt
Heater-Cathode Voltage:		
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode:		
DC Component	100 max.	Volts
Total DC and Peak	200 max.	Volts
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode:		
Total DC and Peak	200 max.	Volts

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TEST LIMITS

	Min.	Max.	
	0.275	0.325	Ampere
HEATER CURRENT			
Heater Volts = 6.3			
PLATE CURRENT			
Heater Volts = 6.3			
Plate Volts = 250			
Grid 2 Volts = 150			
(1) Cathode Bias Resistor§ = 68 Ohms	5.5	12.5	Ma.
(2) Grid 1 Volts = -8.0	0	35	uAmp
(3) Grid 3 Volts = -15.0 & Grid 1 Volts = -2.0.	0	100	uAmp
GRID 2 CURRENT			
Heater Volts = 6.3			
Plate Volts = 250			
Grid 2 Volts = 150			
Cathode Bias Resistor § = 68 Ohms	3.3	5.9	Ma.
GRID 1 TRANSCONDUCTANCE			
Heater Volts = 6.3	Grid 2 Volts = 150		
Plate Volts = 250	Cathode Bias Resistor § = 68 Ohms		
Initial	3500	5600	Umhos
After 500 hrs. Life Test	3000		Umhos
INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES (Shielded) ▲			
Grid 1 to Plate		0.0035	pF
Input	4.4	6.6	pF
Output	3.5	6.5	pF
HEATER-CATHODE LEAKAGE			
Heater 100 Volts Positive			
With Respect to Cathode	0	20	uAmp
Heater 100 Volts Negative			
With Respect to Cathode	0	20	uAmp
TOTAL GRID CURRENT	0	-1.0	uAmp
Heater Volts = 6.3	Grid 2 Volts = 150		
Plate Volts = 250	Grid 1 Volts = -1.5		
EMISSION	60		Ma.
Heater Volts = 6.3	Grid 2 Volts = 20		
Plate Volts = 20	Grid 1 Volts = 20†		
LIFE TEST (Group A)	500		Hours
Heater Volts = 6.3	Grid 3 Volts = 0		
Plate Volts = 250	Grid 1 Volts = -4.0		
Grid 2 Volts = 150	Load Resistance = 250,000 Ohms		
RADIO FREQUENCY NOISE (Calibrating R.F. Signal is 30 Millivolts)			
Heater Volts = 6.3	Grid 2 Volts = 150		
Plate Volts = 250	Cathode Resistor = 68 Ohms		
VIBRATION SIGNAL OUTPUT (at 25 cycles with 2.5G accelerations -	100	millivolts	
Heater Volts = 6.3	Plate Resistor = 2000 Ohms		
Plate Volts = 250	Grid 1 Resistor = 1.0 Megohm		
Grid 2 Volts = 150	Grid 3 Resistor = 1.0 Megohm		
Cathode Bias Resistor = 68 Ohms			

NOTES

- For Plate Current of 10 uAmp.
- ♦ For Plate Current of 100 uAmp.
- § Bypassed by Capacitor whose impedance is 5 ohms or less at frequency used.
- ▲ JETEC Shield No. 316 connected to cathode.
- † Cathode-Bias Resistor equals 0.