PHILCO CATHODE RAY TUBE DATA SHEET

TENTATIVE

DESCRIPTION

The 21EVP4 is an extremely short electrostatic focus and magnetic deflection, direct view picture tube specifically intended for television applications. The tube incorporates internal magnetic shielding in the gun design so that, in spite of the very short neck length, deflecting yokes without special magnetic shields may be used. Another feature of the tube is its unusually low heater power. The heater is a 450 milliampere, 2.68 volt design with controlled warm-up time for series string applications. Other features of the tube are a metal backed screen, a straight gun requiring no ion trap magnet and a short integral glassbutton base having straight through leads and an indexing lug. The distinctive yellow base identifies the 21EVP4 as having internal magnetic shielding.

21EVP4 TELEVISION PICTURE TUBE

CENERAL DESCRIPTION

21° rectangular extremely short cathode may take inunded for direct view telle vision applications requirites low bester power.

ELECTRICAL DATA				
Focusing Method				
Deflecting Method				
Deflection Angle, approximate				
Horizontal				
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance, approximate				
Cathode to All				
External Coating Capacitance				
Heater Voltage				
Heater Current at 2.68 Volts 0.45 Amperes				
Heater Warm-up Time (Note 1)11 Seconds				
OPTICAL DATA				
Phosphor Number				
Faceplate Light Transmission at Center, approx 75.5 Percent				
MECHANICAL DATA				
Overall Length $12^{15}/_{16} \pm \frac{1}{4}$ Inches				
Neck Length $3^{11}/_{16} \pm 1/_{16}$ Inches Greatest Dimensions of Bulb				
Diagonal				
Width $20\frac{1}{4} \pm \frac{1}{8}$ Inches				
Height $16\frac{3}{8} \pm \frac{1}{8}$ Inches				
Minimum Useful Screen Dimensions (maximum assured dimensions)				
Diagonal				
Width $19\frac{1}{16}$ InchesHeight $15\frac{1}{16}$ Inches				
Height				
Bulb				
Base				
Base B7-208 Basing 8JK				
Base				

GRID DRIVE SERVICE

Voltages are positive with respect to cathode unless indicated otherwise.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Absolute Maximum Values)
Anode Voltage (Note 2)20,000 Max. Volts DC
Grid #4 Voltage 700 to +950 Max. Volts DC
Grid #2 Voltage550 Max. Volts DC
Grid #1 Voltage
Negative-Bias Value 155 Max. Volts DC
Negative-Peak Value
Positive-Bias Value 0 Max. Volts DC
Positive-Peak Value
Peak-Heater-Cathode Voltage
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode
During Warm-up Period not to exceed
15 seconds
After Equipment Warm-up Period 200 Max. Volts
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode. 200 Max. Volts

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

Anode Voltage	16,000 Volts DC
Grid #4 Voltage for Focus	100 to 500 Volts DC
Grid #2 Voltage	300 Volts DC
Grid #1 Voltage (Note 3)	35 to -72 Volts DC

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid #1	Circuit Resistance	, ,	5 M	lax. Megs.
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CATHODE DRIVE SERVICE

Voltages are positive with respect to Grid #1 unless indicated otherwise.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Absolute Maximum Values)

Anode Voltage (Note 2)	20,000 Max. Volts DC			
Grid #4 Voltage =	550 to +1100 Max. Volts DC			
Grid #2 Voltage				
Cathode Voltage				
Positive-Bias Value	155 Max. Volts DC			
Negative-Bias Value	0 Max, Volts DC			
Negative-Peak Value	2 Max. Volts			
Peak-Heater-Cathode Voltage				

Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode During Warm-up Period not to exceed

Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode. . . 200 Max. Volts

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

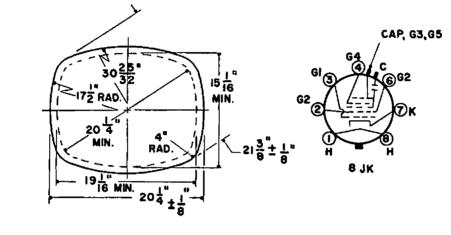
Anode Voltage16,000 Volts
Grid #4 Voltage for Focus150 to 550 Volts
Grid #2 Voltage
Grid #1 Voltage 0 Volts
Cathode Voltage (Note 3)+34 to +60 Volts

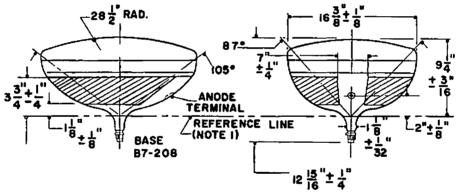
MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

Grid #1 Circuit Resistance 1.5 Max. Megs.

NOTES

- Heater warm-up time is defined as the time required for the voltage across the heater to reach 80% of its rated value after applying 4 times rated heater voltage to a circuit consisting of the tube heater in series with a resistance equal to 3 times the rated heater voltage divided by the rated heater current.
- 2. Anode, Grid #3 and Grid #5 are connected together within the tube and are referred to herein as anode.
- For visual extinction of the focused raster. For cutoff of the undeflected focus spot, the absolute value of the bias between cathode and grid will increase by about 5 volts.





MECHANICAL NOTES

- 1. The reference line is determined by reference line gauge JETEC #126.
- 2. The area around the button is covered with an insulating coating.
- 3. Socket for this base should not be rigidly mounted; it should have flexible leads and be allowed to move freely. The design of the socket should be such that the circuit wiring cannot impress lateral strains through the socket contacts on the base pins. Bottom circumference of the base wafer will fall within a circle concentric with bulb axis and having a diameter of 13/4".

WARNING

X-ray radiation shielding may be necessary to protect against possible danger of personal injury from prolonged exposure at close range if this tube is operated at anode voltages higher than 16 000 works

Form No. LTC443—Aug. 59 Printed in U.S.A.