RAULAND

TYPE 12AFP-, 12AFP-A CATHODE-RAY TUBES

The type 12AFP- is a 12" magnetic focus and magnetic deflection round metal envelope cathode ray tube, suitable for radar application.

It features an almost completely flat-face, which minimizes parallax error, a straight magnetic gun (no Ion Trap needed) and a gray filter glass (luxide) face to increase contrast. It has a long persistence screen.

The type 12AFP-A tube utilizes a metal backed (aluminized) screen for greater light output and to minimize screen charging effects. It is otherwise identical to the 12AFP-.

TENTATIVE CHARACTERISTICS

GENERAL

Electrical Data

Heater voltage Heater current Heater warm-up time (approx.) Focusing method Deflecting method Deflecting angle (approx.)	6.3 0.6 <u>/</u> 10% 11 Magnetic Magnetic 54	Volts Amperes Seconds Degrees
Phosphor Fluorescence Phosphorescence Persistence	No. 7 No. 14 Blue Blue Yellow Orange Long Mid-long	
Face Plate - Gray Filter Glass		
Light Transmission (Approx.) 66%		
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, Approx. Cathode to all other electrodes Grid #1 to all other electrodes	5 6	uuf. uuf.
Mechanical Data		
Overall length Greatest diameter of envelope Minimum useful screen diameter Face Radius Anode contact Base (small shell Duodecal 6-pin) Basing connections	17 7/8 / 7/16 12 7/16 /1/8 11 3/8 Dia. 125 Metal cone lip B5-57 12D	Inches Inches Inches Inches

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MAXIMUM RATINGS Design Center Values

Acce lerator v oltage ^l	14,000	Max. Volts D-C
Grid #2 voltage	≠ 10 00	Hax. Volts D-C
Grid #1 voltage (control electrode)	3.00	
Nega tive bias value	-125	Max. Volts D-C
Positive bias value	. 0	Max. Volts D-C
Positive peak value	/ 2	Max. Volts
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage ²		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	180	Max. Volts D-C
Heater positive with respect to cathode	180	Max. Volts D-C
Heater negative with respect to cathode		
during warm-up period, not to exceed 15 sec.	410	Max. Volts D-C

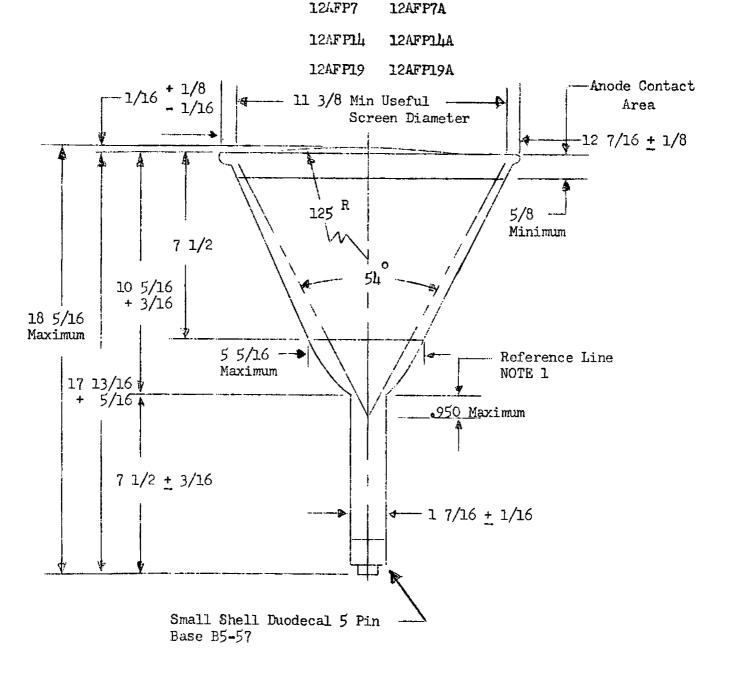
Typical Operating Conditions

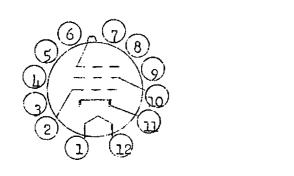
Accelerator voltage ³	12,000	Volts D-C
Grid #2 voltage,	≠ 500	Volts
Grid #1 voltage4	-33 to $\neq 77$	Volts
Spot Position (Underlected)	20	PW:
Field strength of adjustable centering magnet	0 to 8	Gausses
Focusing coil current (approx.)	110 M.A. ≠ 20%	

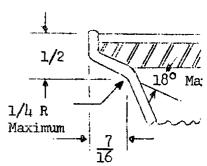
Maximum Circuit Values

Grid #1 circuit resistance

- 1.5 Max. Hegohms
- Mote 1: At or near this rating, the effective resistance of the accelerator supply should be adequate to limit the accelerator input power to six watts. The screen of the 12AFP- can be permanently damaged should the current density be permitted to rise too high. To prevent burning, minimum beam current densities should be employed.
- Note 2: Cathode should be returned to one side or to the mid-tap of the heater transformer windings.
- Note 3: Brilliance and definition decrease with decreasing accelerator voltage. In general, accelerator voltage should not be less than 8000 volts.
- Mote 4: Visual extinction of undeflected focused spot.
- Note 5: The center of the undeflected, focused spot will fall within a circle of 20 LM radius concentric with the center of the tube face.
- Note 6: For standard focusing coil RTMA No. 106 or equivalent with a grid No. 1 bias to produce a 7-3/4" x 10-1/2" raster area. The coil to reference line (distance D) shall be 3-1/4 inches.







NOTE 1

Reference line determined by position where reference line gauge JETEC #112 will rest on glass funnel.

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