EDISWAN

MAZDA VALVES

1948-9

PRICE — ONE SHILLING

This booklet is a condensed version of the Ediswan loose-leaf Valve Manual and contains all data which has been included in the Manual up to February, 1949. It does not represent the complete range of Ediswan and Mazda valves and details of any valves not shown herein may be obtained on application to:

The Radio Division,
The Edison Swan Electric Co. Ltd.,

155, Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2

EDISWAN

SPECIAL PURPOSE & INDUSTRIAL VALVES

M A Z D A
RADIO VALVES &
CATHODE RAY TUBES



THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC CO. LTD. (RADIO DIVISION)

155, CHARING CROSS ROAD, LONDON, W.C.2

Tel.: GERRARD 8660 (6 lines). 'Grams: EDISWAN, WESTCENT, LONDON

Codes: | WESTERN UNION A B C 5th Edition

BRANCHES AND STORES

ABERDEEN	1 Windmill Brae (Sub-Store), operating from DUNDEE Branch Tel. 545
BELFAST	12 Vine Street
BIRMINGHAM	12 King Street
BRADFORD	26a Peel Place, Leeds Road (Sub-Store), operating from LEEDS Branch Tel 22821
BRIGHTON	18/19 Duke Street Tel. 2518
BRISTOL 1	47 Colston Street, Tramway Centre Tel. 20161/2
CARDIFF	Swan House, 89/90 Frederick Street Tel. 3157
DUNDEE	Fileman II. at 11 at 1 at 10 a
	107.0
	127 George Street
GLASGOW, C.2	157a St. Vincent Street Tel. Central 0687/8/9
HUDDERSFIELD	15 Dundas Street (Sub-Store), operating from LEEDS Branch Tel. 1161
HULL	Ediswan House, 53 Grey Street Tel. Central 36823
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LIVERPOOL, 1	19/23 Sir Thomas Street Tel. Central 2002
LONDON	155 Charing Cross Road, W.C.2 Tel. Gerrard 8660
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NEWCASTLE-ON- TYNE, 1	99 St. Andrew's Street, Gallowgate Tel. 27473/4
NORWICH	18 Bedford Street (Sub-Store), operating from LEICESTER Branch Tel. 24024
NOTTINGHAM	23 Goldsmith Street Tel. 42511
PLYMOUTH	9 Whimple Street (Sub-Store), operating from BRISTOL Branch Tel. 4962
SHEFFIELD	Mappin Buildings, Norfolk Street Tel. 22144 (3 lines)
SOUTHAMPTON	125 High Street Tel. 76263/4
TAUNTON	36 Bridge Street (Sub-Store), operating

LIST OF EDISWAN OVERSEAS REPRESENTATIVES FOR RADIO VALVES

		. • .	-	
Territo	ory			Name and Address
AUSTRALIA	• •	••	••	Australian General Electric Proprietary Ltd. P.O. Box 2517, Mazda House, 93-95 Clarence Street, Sydney. (With branches at Melbourne, Brisbane and Adelaide).
BARBADOS		• •	• •	Da Costa & Co. Ltd. P.O. Box 103, Bridgetown.
BERMUDA .	•	• •	• •	R. D. Aitken, P.O. Box 336, Queen Street, Hamilton.
BELGIUM & LUXEMBO	jrg			Societe d'Electricite et de Mecanique, 54, Chaussee de Charleroi, Brussels.
BRITISH EAST (Kenya, Tangar				Stephen Ellis & Co. Ltd. Victoria Street, Nairobi.
CHILE	•	• •	• •	Kenrick & Co. Casilla 127, Santiago De Chile.
EGYPT & CYI	PRUS		••	British Thomson-Houston Co. Ltd. P.O. Box 901, 44 Sharia Cherif Pasha, Cairo.
ETHIOPA .	•	••	• •	Sabean Utility Corporation Ltd. P.O. Box 795, Addis Ababa.
FRANCE & CO	OLON	IES	••	Compagnie des Lampes, 29 Rue de Lisbonne, Paris VIIIe.
FIJI ISLES	•	••	• •	Fiji Trading Co. P.O. Box 285, Victoria Parade, Suva.
GIBRALTAR		••	• •	A. M. Capurro & Sons P.O. Box 94, 40 Main Street, Gibraltar.
INDIA, PAKIS CEYLON & BI	TAN, JRMA		••	Associated Electrical Industries (India) Ltd. P.O. Box 271, 6 Mission Row, Calcutta. (With branches at Coimbatore, Bombay, Bangalore, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Nagpur).
IRAQ		••	• •	The Faiha Trading Corporation Ltd. P.O. Box 52, 30/32 Rewaq Street, Baghdad.
MALEIRA MALAYA, NORTH BORN SINGAPORE & (South of latitue	NEO, & SIAI de 10°	North		Blandy Brothers, Funchal, Madeira. The Borneo Co. Ltd.:—Local Branches:— Jesselton, North Borneo; Kuala Lumpur, Malaya; Weld Quay, Penang, Malaya; Ipoh, Malaya; Malacca, Malaya; Kuching, Sarawak; Miri, Sarawak; Kuching, Sarawak; Kuala Belit, Brunei; Brunei Town, Brunei; Brunei Town, Brunei; Brunei Town, Brunei;
	Hea	d Offic	e :	Mercantile Bank Buildings, Singapore. Sackville House, 143/9 Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.3, England.
NEW ZEALAN	√D	••	• •	National Electrical & Engineering Co. Ltd. P.O. Box 1055, 286/288 Wakefield Street, Wellington, (Branches at Dunedin, Auckland & Christchurch).
NORWAY .		••	• •	British Imports A/S, Lovenskioldsgt, 14, Oslo.
PALESTINE		• •	• •	The British Thomson-Houston Co. Ltd. P.O. Box 331, 26 Gruzenberg Street, Tel-Aviv.
SUDAN .	•	••	• •	The Sudan Mercantile Co. Ltd. P.O. Box 97, Khartoum.
TURKEY	•	••	• •	Jack Benhabib, P.O. Box 2297, Beyoglu, Istanbul.
URUGUAY .	•		••	S.U.N.E.Y. S/A. Casilla de Correo No. 263, 25 Demayo 731-737, Montevideo.

June, 1948

SYMBOLS

The letter symbols used in this manual are based on those agreed between the British Radio Valve Manufacturers' Association and the British Standards Institution.

VOLTAGE

VOLINGE	
Direct Voltage.	V.
Alternating voltage (r.m.s.)	$V_{r.m.s.}$
Alternating voltage, mean.	$V_{av.}$
Peak Voltage.	$V_{pk.}$
Peak inverse voltage (rectifier)	P.I.V.
D.C. H.T. supply voltage.	$V_{a(b)}$.
Anode voltage.	V_{a}
Filament voltage, D.C.	$V_{f.}$
Filament voltage, A.C. (r.m.s.)	$V_{f(r.m.s.)}$
D.C. grid voltage.	$V_{g.}$
D.C. voltage applied to various grids.	V_{g1} , V_{g2} , V_{g3} , V_{g4} , etc.
Signal voltage.	$\mathbf{V_{sig.}}$
Output voltage.	V _{out.}

CURRENT

Direct current.	I
Alternating current. (r.m.s.)	$I_{(r.m.s.)}$
Alternating current (mean)	I _{av.}
Peak current.	I _{pk.}
Anode current D.C.	$I_{\mathbf{a}}$.
A.C. Anode current (r.m.s.)	Ia.(r.m.s.)
D.C. Grid current.	I_{g}
Currents to various grids.	I_{g1} , I_{g2} , I_{g3} , etc.
No signal current.	I _{o.}

POWER

Anode Dissipation.	P_a (or W_a).
Output Power.	P _{out} (or W _{out}).
Grid 2 dissipation.	P_{g2} (or W_{g2}).

IMPEDANCE

IIII DDIN (O	
Internal anode impedance.	r _{a.}
External load impedance	$\mathbf{Z}_{a.}$
RESISTANCE	
External anode load resistance.	Ra.
External resistance in series with g2.	R_{g2}
	D D
External grid leak.	R _{g.}
External cathode resistance.	R _k .
Insulation resistance, heater to cathode.	r _{hk} .
Insulation resistance, anode to cathode.	r _{ak.}
CAPACITANCE	
Capacitance (cold) - anode to all	
electrodes.	c _{a,all.}
Capacitance (cold)—anode to grid 1.	$c_{a,gl}$
Capacitance (Working) — grid to cathode.	cgl,k(w)
Input capacitance, grid to all electrodes except anode.	C _{in.}
Output capacitance, anode to all electrodes except grid.	C _{out.}
Capacitance-Grid to anode.	C _{ga.}
MISCELLANEOUS	
Mutual conductance (slope)	g _m .
Conversion Conductance.	$g_{c.}$
Amplification factor.	μ.
Frequency.	f.
Internal shield.	s.
Internal conducting coating.	m.
External conducting coating (metallising)	M.
	t.
Fluorescent screen or other target.	

The examples given do not represent a complete standard and where the need arises additional symbols will be used for less common parameters.

RECEIVING VALVES

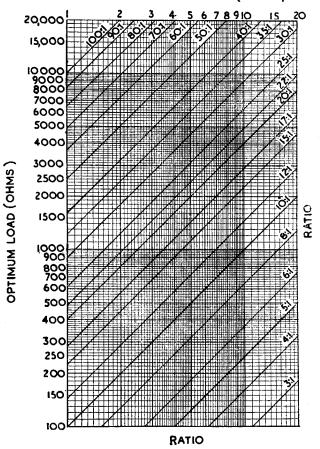
PRICE LIST

RECEIVING VALVES

BATTERY RANGE	TYPE	LIST PRICE
Pentagrid F/C.	1C1	13/-
Straight R.F. Pen.	1F2	11/6
Var. Mu. R.F. Pen.	1F3	11/6
Diode R.F. Pen.	1FD9	13/-
Output Pentode	1P10	11/6
A.C. RANGE		
Triode Heptode F/C.	6C9	14/-
» »	6C31	11/6
Television Diode	6D1	5/6
Television Double Diode	6D2	7/-
Screened R.F. Pentode	6F11	13/-
High Slope R.F. Pentode	6F12	17/6
22 22	6F13	15/6
" Video "	6F14	15/6
Var. Mu. R.F. Pentode	6F15	13/-
G.3 R.F. Pentode	6F32	10/6
Triode Oscillator	6L18	12/-
Double Diode Triode	6LD20	12/-
Output Tetrode	6P25	13/-
Television Scanning Pentode	6P28	17/6
F.W. Rectifier	UU9	11/6
A.C./D.C. RANGE		
Triode Heptode F/C.	10C1	14/-
High Slope R.F. Pen.	10F3	13/-
Var. Mu. R.F. Pen.	10F9	13/-
Double Diode Triode	10LD11	12/-
Output Tetrode	10P13	13/-
29 99	10P14	13/-
Half Wave Rectifier	U404	11/6

LOUDSPEAKER OUTPUT TRANSFORMER RATIO

SPEECH COIL IMPEDANCE (OHMS)



October 1948 Issue 1/2
RADIO DIVISION

\c.\.\

1.C.1.

PENTAGRID FREQUENCY CHANGER

Directly heated - for battery operation

TENTATIVE

RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps)	V _f I _f	1.4
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts)	Va(max) Vg2 & 4(max)	90
Maximum Screen Supply Voltage (volts) Maximum Mean Cathode Current	Vg2 & 4(b)max	90.0
(mA)	I _{k(av)max}	5.5
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES *	t	16
Anode/all (nuf) (I.F. Output) (Grid 1/all (nuf) (Osc. Input) (Grid 3/Anode (nuf) (max) (Grid 3/Grid 1 (nuf) (max)	7.0 7.5 3.8 3.4 0.4 0.2	8.1 8.6 4.9 0.4 0.23 0.13
* With no external shiel	ıd	
† Inter-electrode capaci holder capacitance bal	tances with lanced out.	
Total capacitance incl Benjamin B7G holder ty	luding a 7pe 75/663R.	
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		54
Maximum Diameter (mm)		19.0
Maximum Seated Height (mm)		47.6
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		0.25
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		0.5
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricte	•be	

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RADIO DIVISION

1.C.1.

PENTAGRID FREQUENCY CHANGER Directly heated – for battery operation TENTATIVE

TYPICAL OPERATION					
Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Grid 3 Voltage Grid 1 Resistance (megohms) Anode Impedance (megohms) (approximately) Conversion Conductance (µmhos) Grid 3 Blas for Conversion	Va Vg2 & 4 Vg3 Rg1 ra gc	45 45 0 0.1 0.6 235	67.5 67.5 0 0.1 0.5 280	90 45 0 0.1 0.8 250	90 67.5 0 0.1 0.6
Conductance of approximately 5 jmhos Anode Current (mA) Screen Current (mA) Grid 1 Current (mA) Total Cathode Current (mA)	Ia Ig2 & 4 Ig1 Ik	-9 0.7 1.9 0.15 2.75	-14 1.4 3.2 0.25 5.0	-9 0.8 1.9 0.15 2.75	-14 1.6 3.2 0.25 5.0

BULB Clear

BASE B7G.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS		
Pin 1	Filament - ve	f-
Pin 2	Anode	a
Pin 3	Grids 2 & 4(Osc. Anode & Sc	reen) g2 & 4
Pin 4	Grid 1 (Oscillator)	gl
Pin 5	Filament - ve & Grid 5	f- & g5
Pin 6	Grid 3 (Signal)	g3
Pin 7	Filament + ve	£+

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7.c.1.

1.4.3·

1.F.3.

VARIABLE - Mu R. F. PENTODE Directly heated - for battery operation TENTATIVE

RATING			
Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage	V _f I _f		1.4 .05
(volts) Maximum Screen Voltage	Va(max)		90
(volts) Maximum Screen Supply	Vg2(max)		67.5
Voltage (volts) Maximum Mean Cathole	V _{g2(b)}		90
Current (mA)	I _{k(av)max}		5.5
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES		s	‡
Grid/Anode (puF) (max) Grid/Earth (puF) Anode/Earth (puF)	Ca,g1 Cin Cout	0.01 4.1 7.5	0.012 5.2 8.6
<pre>\$ Measured with Benjam: screen type 75/832, 1 capacitance balanced ‡ Total capacitance in E7G holder type 75/83 75/832.</pre>	but holder out. cluding a B	enjamin	
<u>DIMENSIONS</u>			
Maximum Overall Length (mm)			54
Maximum Diameter (mm)			19.0
Maximum Seated Height (mm)			47.6
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		0.25
Approximate Packed Weight (oz	zs)		0.5
MOUNTING POSITION - Unresta	ricted.		

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RADIO DIVISION

1.F.3.

VARIABLE -- Mu R. F. PENTODE Directly heated -- for battery operation TENTATIVE

TYPICAL OPERATION

Anode Voltage (volts)	٧a	45	67.5	90	90
Screen Voltage (volts)		45	67.5	45	67.5
Control Grid Bias (volts)	Vg2 Vg1	ō	Ō	Ō	Ö
Anode Current (mA)	Ιa	1.6	3.3	1.7	3.4
Screen Current (mA)	Ig2	0.7	1.5	0.65	1.4
Anode Impedance (megohms)	ra	0.35	0.25	0.8	0.5
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	gm.	0.65	0.95	0.7	0.97
Grid Bias for mutual					
conductance = 10µA/v	Vgl	-8.5	-14	-8.5	-14

BULB Clear

BASE B.7.G.



Viewed from free end of base:

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Filament -ve	f-
Pin 2	Anode ·	a
Pin 3	Screen Grid	g2
Pin 4	No Connection	-NC
Pin 5	Filament -ve and Grid 3	f-
Pin 6	Control Grid	gl
Pin 7	Filament +ve	f+

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RADIO DIVISION

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1.4.3

1.FD.9

DIODE – R. F. PENTODE

Directly heated - for battery operation

TENTATIVE

RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts) Maximum Control Grid Voltage	Vf If Va(max) Vg2(max)	1.4 .05 90 90
(volts positive) Maximum Cathode Current (mA) Maximum Mean Diode Current (µA) Inner Mu ••	Vgl(max) Ik(av)max Ia(d)(av)max Pglg2	3.0 200 12.0

** at Va = 67.5; Vg2 = 67.5; Vg1 = 0.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPAC	ITANCES	W	q
Grid/Anode (µµF)	Ca,gl	0.4	0.67
Grid/Earth (µµF)	Cin	2.2	3.3
Anode/Earth (µµF)	Cout	3.3	4.4

- . With no external shield.
- || Inter-electrode capacitances with holder capacitance balanced out.
- ¶ Total capacitance including a Benjamin B7G Holder Type 75/663R.

DIMENSIONS

1.40.9

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	54
Maximum Diameter (mm)	19.0
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	47.6
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	0.25
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	0.5

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RADIO DIVISION

1.ED.9

DIODE - R. F. PENTÒDE

Directly heated - for battery operation

TENTATIVE

TYPICAL OPERATION					
Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Grid Blas Voltage (volt Anode Impedance (megolum Mutual Conductance (mA/ Anode Current (mA) Screen Current (mA)	ıs) ra		67 0.6	7.5 7.5 0 0.6 525 1.6	
As R.C.C. Amplifier					
Anode Supply Voltage (volts)	Va(b)	45	4 5	90	135
Grid Bias Voltage (volts)	$v_{\tt gl}$	0	0	0	0
Anode Load Resistance (megohms) Screen Resistance	R_{a}	0.22	0.47	0.47	0.47
(megohms) Grid Resistance of	R_{g2}	0.39	1.2	1.8	1.8
following valve (megohms) Screen Byepass Condense	Rg	0.47	2.2	2.2	2.2
(µF) Coupling Condenser to	Cg2,E	.035	0.02	0.03	0.035
following valve (µF) Voltage Gain @ 5v.	С	.006	0.002	0.002	0.002
R.M.S. Output		24	38	57	70
BULB Clear BASE B7G Viewed from free end of pins.					
CONNEXIONS					
Pin 1 Filament (-) grid 3 Pin 2 No connection Pin 3 Diode Pin 4 Screen Grid Pin 5 Anode Pin 6 Control Grid Pin 7 Filament (+)				NC ad g2 a g1	

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RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

1.50.0

OUTPUT PENTODE

Directly heated - for battery operation

1.P.10

TENTATIVE

GENERAL

1,8:10

The 1.P.10 has a 2.8 volt 50 mA filament with a centre tap. For normal operation from a 1.4 volt dry cell the two sections so formed are connected in parallel.

In some applications, such as AC/DC/battery receivers, it may be desirable to connect all the valve filaments in series; in which case the two filament sections of the 1.P.10 would be run in series. With this arrangement a shunting resistance must be placed across the 1.4 Volt section of the 1.P.10 nearest the negative end of the chain, in order to by-pass the cathode current in excess of the rated maximum per section. If the cathode current of the other valves contributes to the filament current of the 1.P.10, it may be necessary to by-pass both filament sections.

RATING		q]
Filament Voltage (volts)	vf	2.8		1.4
Filament Current (amps)	If	.05		0.1
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	Va(max)		90	
Maximum Screen Voltage (volts)	Vg2(max)		67.5	
Maximum Mean Cathode Current (mA) with Input swing	I _k (av)max	5.5 •		11.0
Maximum Quiescent Cathode Current (mA)	I _k (o)max	4.5 •		9.0

- ¶ Series Filament Arrangement
- l Parallel Filament Arrangement
- · For each 1.4v. Filament Section.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm) Maximum Seated Height (mm)	54 19.0 47.6
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs) Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	0.25 0.5

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.

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RADIO DIVISION

1.P.10

OUTPUT PENTODE

Directly heated - for battery operation

TENTATIVE

TYPICAL OPERATION AS CLASS 'A' AMPLIFIER 5					
Anode Voitage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts)	Va Vg2	67.5 67.5	90 67.5	67.5 67.5	90 67 . 5
Control Grid Bias (volts) † Quiescent Anode Current	v _{gl}	-7	-7	-7	-7
(mA)	Ia(o)	6.0	6.1	7.2	7.4
Quiescent Screen Current (mA)	Ig2(o)	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.4
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	g_{m}	1.4	1.43	1.55	1.58
Anode Impedance (megohms) Anode Load (ohms) Input Swing (volts RMS) Power Output (mw) Percentage Total	ra Za Vrms(sig) Pout	5,000 5 160	8,000 5 235	5,000 5 180	8,000 5 270
harmonic Distortion	D	12	13	10	12

- Series Filament Arrangement.
- ‡ Parallel Filament Arrangement.
- t Referred to negative end of the filament.

BULB Clear

BASE B.7.G.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3	Filament Anode Control Grid	f a El
Pin 4 Pin 5 Pin 6	Screen Grid Filament C.T. Grid 3 Anode	f(tap)g3 a
Pin 7	Filament	ſ

For Parallel filament operation Pin 5 should be connected to L.T. negative.

For Series filament operation Pin 1 is normally connected to L.T. negative.

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RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

1.0.70

6.C.9

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation TENTATIVE

RATING		<u>Triode</u>	<u>Heptode</u>		
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage	Vh Ih Va(max)	150	6.3 0.45 250		
(volts)	v_{g2}		250		
Maximum Mean Cathode Current-Heptode (mA)	Ik(h)av(max)		10		
Maximum Mean Cathode Current-Triode (mA) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Amplification Factor	Ik(t)av(max) Em µ	6 ,	‡ 2. 5		
Maximum Potential Heater/ Cathode (volts DC)	Vh-k(max)		150		
‡ Taken at Va = 250v; Vg2(h) =	100v; Vg(h) = -2.5	ν.			
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES -					
(Triode Section)		q	S		
Anode/Earth (puf) Anode/Grid 1 (puf) Grid 1/Earth (puf)	Cout(t) Ca(t),g(t) Cin(t)	1.7 1.8 7.7	3.0 2.0 9.0		
(Heptode Section)					
Anode/All (ppF) Anode/Grid 1 (ppF) Grid 1/All (ppF) Heptode Grid/Triode	Ca(h),all Ca(h),gl(h) Cgl(h),all	3.0 .003 8.3	4.5 .0045 9.8		
Grid (µµF) Heptode Grid/Triode	Cgl(h),g(t)	.12	.13		
Anode (JuF)	Cg1(h),a(t)	.013	014		
Inter-electrode capacitemes					
§ These capacitances include a l frequency of 1 Mo/s.	Benjamin B8A holder	measured a	t a		
"Earth" denotes electrodes of remaining earthy potential ele measurement, heater and shield	ectrodes of the sec	tion under	the		
DIMENSIONS	v				
Maximum Overall Length (mm) 67					
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.					

September 1948

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RADIO DIVISION

6.C.9

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated—for parallel operation. **TENTATIVE**

TYPICAL OPERATION		
Triode Section		
Anode Voltage (volts) Approximate Anode Curren	ot (mA) Va(t)	4 to 6
Heptode Section		
Anode Voltage (volts) Initial Screen Voltage Grid Bias (volts-ve) Peak Heterodyne Voltag Conversion Conductance Approximate Anode Curr Approximate Screen Cur Approximate Anode Impe (megohms) Input Loss at 45 Mc/s Input Capacitance Work (Hot) (µµF) Change in input capaci produced by biassing to cut-off (µµF) Equivalent grid noise (ohms)	value valu	250 100 -2.5 9.0 650 3.0 6.0 3.0 5,500 1 9.7
holder capa	crode capacitance with acitance balanced out.	
BULB Clear	4 5	
BASE B.8.A.	wed from free end of pins.	
CONNEXIONS		
Pin 1	Heater	h
Pin'2	Heptode Anode	ah
Pin 3	Triode Anode	at
Pin 4	Triode Grid 1 and Heptode Grid 3	g1(t) g3(h)
Pin 5	Heptode Grid 2 and Grid 4	82(h) 84(h)
Pin 6	Heptode Grid 1	g1(h)
Pin 7	Cathode & Shield	k & s
Pin 8	Heater	h

د. د. د^{. ه}

6.C.31

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

			•
RATING		<u>Triode</u>	<u>Heptode</u>
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage	$\mathbf{v_h}$	6.8 0.83	
(volts) Maximum Screen Voltage	Va(max)	150	250
(volts) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Amplification Factor	Vg2 gm μ	• 5.3 • 16	250 3.1
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA) : Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode	^I a(pk)max	15	
(volts DC)	$v_{h,k}$	150)
 Taken at Vat = 100v; . INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITAI 			
Heptode Section			
Anode/Earth (µµF) Anode/Grid (µµF) Grid 1/Earth (µµF) Heptode Grid/Triode Grid	(µµF)	Ca(h),E Ca(h),gl(h) Cgl(h),E Cgl(h),g(t)	0.0012 9.5 0.09
Triode Section			
Anode/Earth (µµF) Anode/Grid (µµF) Grid/Earth (µµF)		Cout(t) Ca(t),g(t) Cin(t)	4.4 3.0 11.5
DIMENSIONS			
Maximum Overall Length (mm Maximum Diameter (mm) Maximum Seated Height (mm) Approximate Nett Weight (o Approximate Packed Weight	zs)		103 32 90 11 21
MOUNTING POSITION - Unre	stricted.		

October 1948

6.C.3¹

RADIO DIVISION

6.C.31

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION			
Heptode Section			
Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Grid Bias (volts - ve) Peak Heterodyne Voltage (volts)	Va(h) Vg2(h) Vg1(h) V(pk)het	250 100 -3.0 9.0	250 100 -2.5 9.0
Conversion Conductance (mA/volt) Anode Current (mA) Screen Current (mA) Anode Impedance (megohms)	gc Ia(h) Ig2(h) ra(w)	750 3.0 6.05 1.6	870 3.8 7.5 1.2
Input Capacitance Workings (Hot) (µµF) Conversion Conductance at V _g = -43v; V _{g2} = 250v(µA/V)	C _{in(w)}	12.5	13.0
(approx.)		3	
Input signal handling capacity (Peak carrier volts)			• 10
• For 5% Total Audio Harmoni Modulation.	c Distort	ion at 60%	

Triode Section

Anode Voltage (volts) 80
Anode Current (mA) (average) 5

BULB Metallised

International octal (108)



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

BASE

Pin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3 Pin 4 Pin 5 Pin 6 Pin 7 Pin 8 Top Cap	Metallising Heater Heptode Anode Grid 2, Grid 4 Grid 3, Triode Grid Triode Anode Heater Cathode Grid	M h ah g2,g4 g3,gt at h k

NOTE

The 6.C.31 is identical to the TH.41 with the exception of heater characteristics, basing and inter-electrode capacitance

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

é.C.31

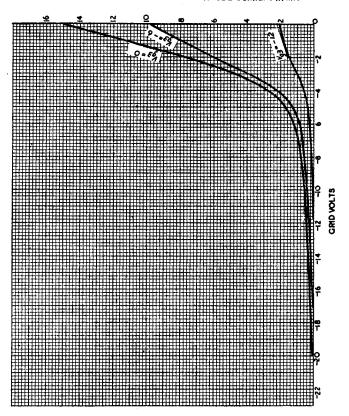
6.C.31

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

Curves of heptode section taken at V=250, Va2=100

ANODE CURRENT IN MA



October 1948

6.C.31

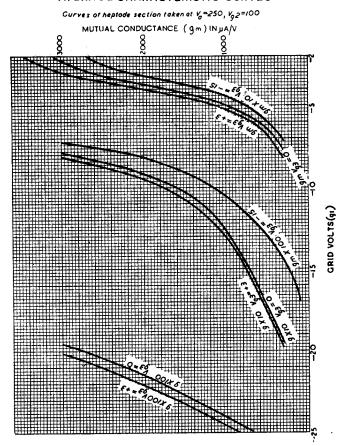
RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/2 *

6.C.31

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/2

g. C.31

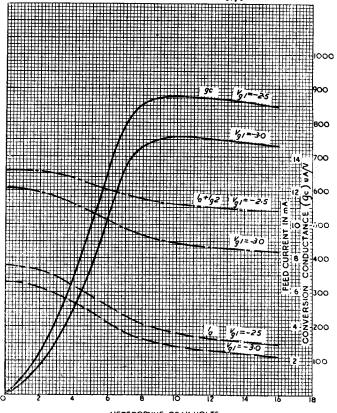
6.C.31

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated - for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

Vo	Vg2	Vg3	Rg3	VgI	Vsig
250	100	Grid cyrrent bias	50,000 2	(-2.5 -3.0	O·5v Peak

HETERODYNE INJECTED INTO 9t. 93



HETERODYNE PEAK VOLTS

October 1948

6.C.3)

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/2

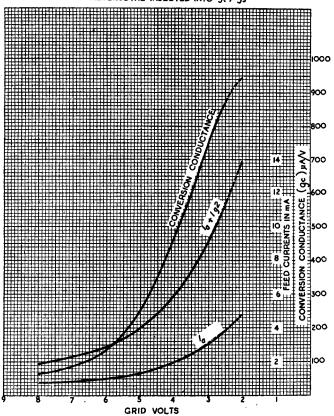
6.C.31

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

6	162	V ₉ 3	R _g 3	V het	V sig
250	100	self bias	50,000	9·O Paok	Peak

HETERODYNE INJECTED INTO 9t , 93



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/2

Ç.C.37

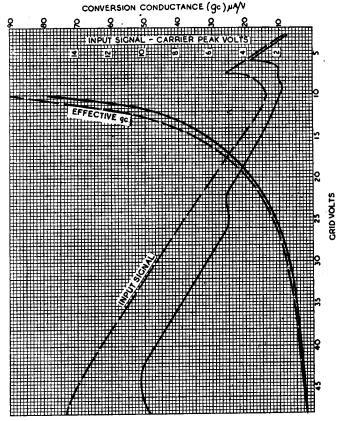
6.C.31

TRIODE HEPTODE FREQUENCY CHANGER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

1	6	Vg2	Rg2	Vgt	Rgt,k	Vhet	Mod- ulation
	250	100 G	24·8k s	self blas	50	9.0 Peak	60%

—— 5% Total audio harmonic distortion
—— 10% Total audio harmonic distortion
Heterodyne injected in 91:93



October 1948

6.C.31

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/2

6.D.1

TELEVISION SINGLE DIODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	6.3
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	0.15
Maximum Mean Anode Current (mA)	Ia(av)max	5
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	ia(pk)max	50
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	350
Maximum Potential Heater/ Cathode (volts DC)	V _{h-k(max)}	150
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES		
Anode/Cathode (µµF)	ca-k	1.6
Anode/Heater (µµF)	ca-h	0.45
Cathode/Heater (µµF)	c _{k-h}	3.0
The hot Anode/Cathode increases by 0.1 ppf.	capacitance	
The hot Cathode/Heater increases by 0.2 pp.	r capacitance	
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)	51	
Maximum Diameter (mm)	11	
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	44.5	
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	‡	
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs) 1/2	
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestri	cted	

50,

6.D.1

TELEVISION SINGLE DIODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION

60.

Vision Signal Detector-Half Wave

Using a shunt peaking circuit with 2 Mc/s pass-band followed by Video Stage.

Total Load (R) (ohms)

4800

Compensating Inductance (L) (µH)

180

Total Capacitance across Load (C) (µµF) 20

With recommended RC = 95,000 (ohms x $\mu\mu$ F). and L

$$\frac{L}{CR^2} = 0.4 \times 10^{-6}$$

D.C. Restoring in Cathode Ray Tube

Load Resistance (megohms)

0.5

Coupling Condenser (µF)

0.01

BULB Clear
BASE B.3.G.



May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

6.D.2

DOUBLE DIODE (Separate Cathodes) Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts.) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Mean Anode Current per	$\mathbf{I_h^V}$	6.3 0.3
Anode (mA) Maximum Peak Anode Current per	Ia(av)max	9
Anode (mA)	¹ a(pk)max	50
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	500
Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode (volts DC)	V _{h-k(max)}	250
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES .		
	t	q
Anode 1/Cathode 1 (µµF) Cathode 2/All other electrodes (µµF) Cathode 2/Cathode 2 (µµF) Cathode 1/All other electrodes (µµF	r1_1r" 0⊾009	4.6 0.026 1.75 4.6 1.75 5.3 0.011 5.2
Measured with a closely metal can connected to		
t Inter-electrode capacita holder capacitance balan		
q Total capacitance inclu B.7.G. ceramic holder.	ding a	
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm) Maximum Seated Height (mm) Approximate Nett Weight (ozs) Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	54 19 47.5	
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted		

6.0.3

6.D.2

DOUBLE DIODE (Separate Cathodes) Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

BULB Clear

6.0.7

BASE B.7.G.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Cathode 2	k"
Pin 2	Anode 1	a'
Pin 3	Heater	h
Pin 4	Heater	h
Pin 5	Cathode 1	k'
Pin 6	Internal Shield	s
Pin 7	Anode 2	a"

6.F.11

SCREENED R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

RATING			
Heater Voltage (volts)		v_h	6.3
Heater Current (amps)		Ih	0.2
Maximum Anode Voltage (volt	ts)	Va(max)	250
Maximum Screen Voltage (vo	lts)	Vg2(max)	150
Maximum Cathode Current (m.	A)	Ik(av)max	10
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	•	8m	. 2.2
Anode Impedance (megohms)		r_a	* 2.8
Inner µ		µg1-g2	• 26
Maximum Potential Heater/Co	athode	Vh-k(max)	150
• Taken at Va = 250v;	Vg2 = 100v; V	$l_{gl} = 1.8v.$	
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANC	<u>es</u>	† .	q
Anode/Earth (μμF)	cout	6.7	8.2
Anode/Grid (µµF)	c_{a-g1}	.0039	.004
Grid/Earth (µµF)	cin	5.3	6.8
† Inter-electrod holder capacita	e capacitance ance balanced	es with lout.	
q Including a Ber at a frequency vertical screen between pins 3	of 1 Mc/s wi n fitted to h	th	
"Earth" denote: potential elec heater joined	trodes, shiel		
DIMENSIONS			
Maximum Overall Length (m Maximum Diameter (mm) Maximum Seated Height (mm Radius Over Location Key Approximate Nett Weight (Approximate Packed Weight	(mm)	67 22 54 12.25	
MOUNTING POSITION - Unr	estricted		

June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

6.F.11

6.F.11

SCREENED R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

BULB Clear

6.4.11

BASE B.8.A.



Viewed from free end of pins

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Heater	h
Pin 2	Anode	а
Pin 3	Internal Shield	ន
Pin 4	Suppressor Grid	g3
Pin 5	Screen Grid	E2
Pin 6	Control Grid	$\mathbf{g_1}$
Pin 7	Cathode	k
Pin 8	Heater	h

NOTE: Pin 8 should preferably be connected to "earth" potential.

In use pins. 3 and 4 should be joined and earthed.

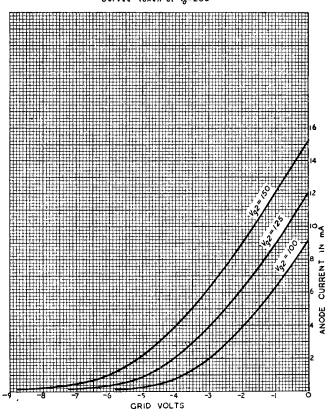
June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

6.F.11

SCREENED R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES Curves token of 1/2 = 250



August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

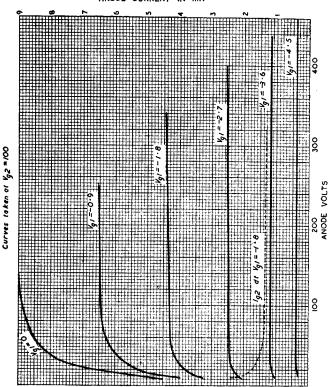
o.F.17

6.5.11

SCREENED R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

ANODE CURRENT IN MA



August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

leeus 1/2

6.F.12

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE

Indirectly heated - for parallel operation

RATING

Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts) Mutual Conductance (mA/Y) Anode Impedance (megohm) Inner p Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts) Maximum Screen Dissipation (watts) Maximum Potential Meater/Cathode (volte DC)	Vh Ih Va(max) Vg2(max) En ug1g2 Wa(max) Wg2(max) Vh-k(max)	6.3 0.3 250 250 • 7.5 • 0.9 • 74 † 2.5 † 0.8
Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode (volts DC)	Vh-k(max)	150

- Taken at $V_a = V_{g2} = 250 \text{ v}$; $V_{g1} = -2 \text{ v}$; $I_a = 10 \text{ mA}$
- q 1.e. $\frac{\delta V_{g2}}{\delta V_{g1}}$ with I_a constant
- † If used in a can at maximum rating the can must be matt black both internally and externally.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

- Measured with Benjamin B7G valveholder and cylindrical screen type 75/832, but with holder capacitance belanced out.
- Including capacitance of Benjamin B7G valveholder type 75/833 and cylindrical screen type 75/832.
- ‡ As 1 but with additional perpendicular shield
 fitted between pins 2-3 and 6-7.

"Earth" denotes the remaining earthy electrodes, shields and heater joined to cathode.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	54
Maximum Diameter (mm)	19
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	47.5
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	1
Approximate Packed Weight (028)	Ž.

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted

6. K. 12

6.F.12

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated—for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION			
Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Grid Bias Voltage (volts -ve) Anode Current (mA) Screen Current (mA) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Input Working Capacity (ppf) Change in Input Capacity	Va Vg2 Vg1 Ia Ig2 c _{in(w)}	250 250 2.0 10.0 2.5 7.5 9.9	200 200 1.5 8.3 2.1 7.2 10.1
	cin(w)	2.2	2.3
Self Bias Resistance (ohms) Input Loss Resistance	$R_{\mathbf{k}}$	160	145
at 45 Mc/s (chms) Equivalent noise resistance		8,900	8,200
required (ohms)	Req	1,100	1,000

Bulb Clear

BASE B.7.G.



Viewed from free ends of pins

CONNEXIONS

6.4.32

Pin 1	Control Grid	gl
Pin 2	Cathode	k
Pin 3	Heater	h
Pin 4	Heater	h
Pin 5	Anode	a
Pin 6	Suppressor Grid	g3
Pin 7	Screen Grid	g2

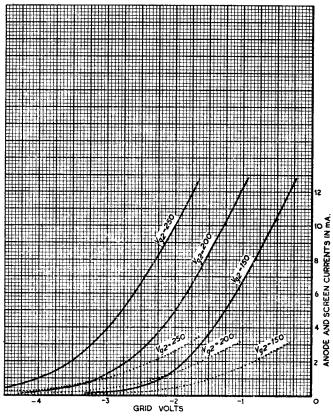
May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

6.F.12

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F12



May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

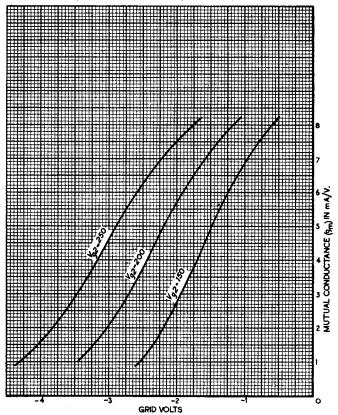
6.K./2

MAZDA 6.F.12

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated—for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F12

Curves taken at Va= 250V.



May 1948

6.4.12

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

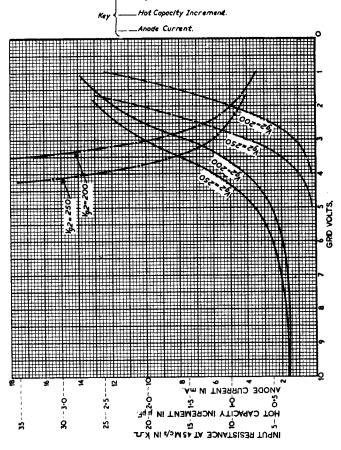
6.F.12

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE

MAZDA VALVE 6F12

Curves taken at Vg=250V, Vg3=0V, f=45Mc/s.



May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

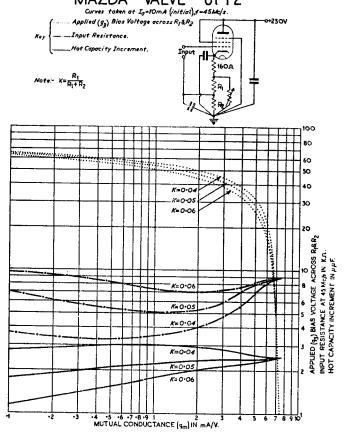
Issue 1/2

6. F. 12

6.F.12

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC, CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F12



May 1948

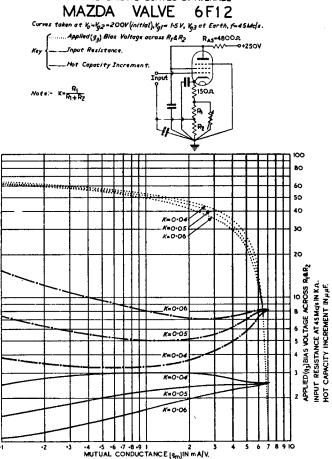
6.5.32

RADIO DIVISION

6.F.12

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated - for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE



May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

6.F.12

6.F.13

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

RATING				
Heater Voltage (volts)		v_h		6.3
·Heater Current (amps)		$I_{\mathbf{h}}$		0.35
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	v_a		250
Maximum Screen Voltage (volt	s)	v_{g2}		250
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)		ϵ_{m}		\$ 9.0
Maximum Anode Dissipation (w	atts)	p_a		† 3.5
Maximum Screen Dissipation (watts)	$p_{\mathbf{g}2}$		† 1.0
Maximum Potential Heater/Cat (volts DC)	hode "	V _{h-k(r}	nax)	150
\$ Taken at Va = Vg2 =	200v; Vg	1 = -1.8v	•	
† With grid cathode r 10,000 ohms.	esistance	not exce	ding	
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES	1	g	+	[
Anode/Earth (µµF)	Cout	4.4	5.9	-
Anode/Control Grid (µµF)	Ca,g	-	.007	.006
Control Grid/Earth (MMF)	$c_{\mathtt{in}}$	9.5	11.0	-
¶ Inter-Electrode cap capacitance balance	acitances d out.	with hol	der	
+ Total capacitances moulded holder meas	including sured at 1	Benjamin Mc/s.	B8A	
[Total capacitances moulded holder meas extra perpendicular	sured at 1	Benjamin Mc/s but	B8A with	
DIMENSIONS				•
Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm) Maximum Seated Height (mm) Radius over Location Key (mm)	n)			67 22 54 12.25
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrest	tricted.			

February 1949

6.4.13

RADIO DIVISION

6.F.13

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated—for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION 208 Anode Voltage (volts) ٧a 200 190 208 220 ‡ 200 190 Screen Voltage (volts) Vg2 ٧gl 1.45 1.8 1.55 1.9 Grid Bias Voltage (volts -ve) 17.0 \$ 10.0 Anode Current (mA) 10.3 10.15 Ia Ig2 4.5 \$ 2.60 2.65 Screen Current (MA) 9.25 12.75 8.95 Mutual Conductance (m//V) g_{m} Input Capacity Working (MMF) • $c_{in(w)}$ 9.0 12.6 12.6 Change in input capacity produced by bisssing valve to luA/V (JUF) Cin(w) Self Bias Resistance (ohms) 2.75 2.7 2.9 $R_{\rm k,E}$ 68 120 150 Input Loss at 45 Mc/s (ohms) rg1,k(w) -4800 4500 4900 Equivalent grid noise

Maximum permissable rating D.C. connected as Video Output Valve.

req

* Inter-Electrode capacitance with holder capacitance balanced out.

BULB Clear

resistance (ohms)

BASE B8A



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3 Pin 4 Pin 5 Pin 6 Pin 7 Pin 8	Heater Anode Internal Screen Suppressor Grid Screen Grid Control Grid Cathode Heater	n s s3 g2 g1 k h
----------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------

February 1949

RADIO DIVISION

issue 1/2

750

780

790

6. K. /3

MAZDA 6.F.13

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

Curves taken of 1/2=250 ANODE AND SCREEN CURRENT IN MA

February 1949

6.K.13

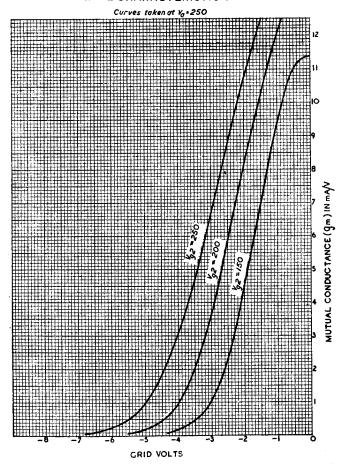
RADIO DIVISION

GRID VOLTS

6.F.13

HIGH SLOPE SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



February 1949

RADIO DIVISION

seiim 1/2

o. K. 13

6.F.14

6.F.?A

TELEVISION SCREENED PENTODE

TENTATIVE

RATING Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts) Mutual Conductance (ma/V) Anode Impedance (megohms) Inner Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts) Maximum Screen Dissipation (watts) Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode	Pr/mar/	6.3 0.35 250 250 * 10.6 * 0.125 * 33 * 4.0
(volts P.C.)	$V_{h-k(max)}$	150
* Taken at Va = Vg2 = 140v;	V _{g1} = -1.25v.	
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES	S	ſ
Anode/Earth (puF) ' Cout	3.8	5.3
Anode/Control Grid (µµF) Ca-gl	.02	.021
Control Grid/Earth (ppF) Cin	9.3	10.8
§ Inter-electrode Capa holder capicitance b	acitances with palanced out.	
[Total capacitance in Benjamin BBA moulded frequency of 1 Mc/s.	holden at a	
DIMENSIONS	•	
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		67
Maximum Diameter (mm)		22
Maximum Seated Height (mm)		54
Radius over Location Key (mm)		12.25
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		\$
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		1
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted	1.	

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/2

6.F.14

TELEVISION SCREENED PENTODE

TENTATIVE

BULB Clear

BASE B8A



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	${ t Heater}$	h
Pin 2	Anode	a
Pin 3	Internal Shield •	s,
Pin 4	Suppressor Grid	g ₃
Pin 5	Screen Grid	82
Pin 6	Control Grid	gl
Pin 7	Cathode	k
Pin 8	Heater	h

This valve is not fitted with an internal cylindrical shield around the electrode structure.

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/2

5.F.14

6.F.15

VARIABLE MU R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts) Maximum Cathode Current (mA) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Anode Impedance (megohm) Inner µ Maximum Potențial Heater/Cathode	Vn Ih Va(max) Vg2(max) Ik(av)max Em ra µg1,g2	6.3 0.2 250 250 10 [2.3 [1.7 16.5
(volts D.C.)	Vh,k(max)	150
Taken at Va = 250v; Vg2 = 10	Ov; V _{gl} = -2.5v.	
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES	q	Ц
Anode/Earth (ppF) Cout Anode/Grid (ppF) Ca,El Grid/Earth (ppF) . Cin	6.8 .0034 5.1	8.3 .0035 6.6
¶ Inter-electrode capacitances capacitance balanced out.	with holder	
Including a Benjamin B8A hold of 1 Mc/s with vertical scree between pins 3-4 and 7-8.	er at a frequency n fitted to holds	y er
"Earth" denotes the remaining electrodes, shields and heate	earthy potential r joined to catho	l páe.
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		67
Maximum Diameter (mm)		22
Maximum Seated Height (mm)		54
Radius Over Location Key (mm)		12.25
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		. 2
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		1
MOUNTING POSITION Unrestricted.		

October 1948

6.4.15

RADIO DIVISION

6.F.15

VARIABLE MU R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated — for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION			
Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Grid Bias Voltage (volts-ve) Anode Current (mA) Screen Current (mA) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Anode Impedance (megohms) Input Loss at 45 Mc/s (ohms) Input Lose (apacitance Working)	Va Vg2 Vg1 Ia Ig2 gm ra rg1,k(w)	250 100 2.5 7.0 2.0 2.3 1.7 24,000	250 250
(Hot) (pur) Change in input capacitance	$c_{in(w)}$	* 6.1	
produced by biassing valve to cut-off (puF) \(\triangle \) Bias to give mutual conductance	Cin(w)	0.9	
of 100 pA/V. Bias to give mutual conductance	$v_{ exttt{gl}}$		27
of 23 µA/V. Equivalent grid noise resist-	v_{g1}	13.3	34
ance (ohms)	$\mathtt{r}_{\texttt{eq}}$	6,000	

 Inter-electrode capacitance with holder capacitance balanced out.

BULB Clear

BASE B8A



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Heater	h
		11
Pin 2	Anode-	a
Pin 3	Internal Shield	s
Pin 4	Suppressor Grid	g3
Pin 5	Screen Grid	g2
Pin 6	Control Grid	gl
Pin 7	Cathode	k
Pin 8	Heater	h

NOTE

In use pins 3 and 4 should be joined and earthed.

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

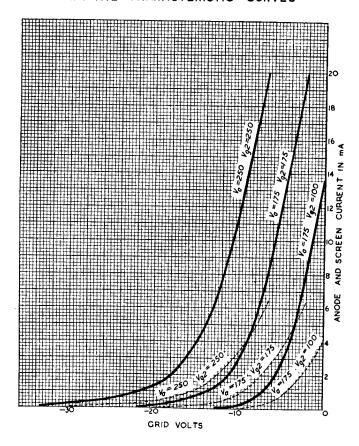
Issue 1/2

5.F.15

MAZDA 6.F.15

VARIABLE MU R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

TENTATIVE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



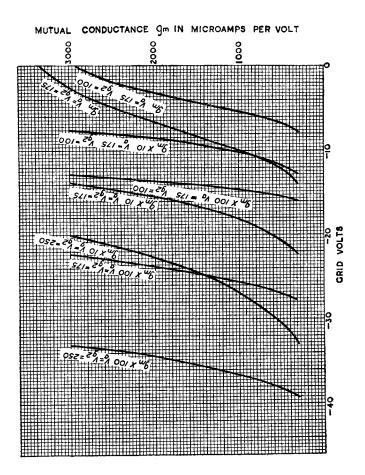
October 1948

6.4.15

RADIO DIVISION

6.F.15

VARIABLE MU R. F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation



October 1948

o. F. 15

6.L.18

TRIODE OSCILLATOR Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

RATING				
Heater Volt Heater Curr Maximum And Mutual Cond Anode Imped Amplificati Maximum And Maximum Pot (volts DO	rent (amps) ode Voltage luctance (mi lance (ohms) on Factor ode Dissipat ential Heat	(volts) A/V)	Vh Ih Va(max) Em ra p wa(max) Vh-k(max)	6.3 0.3 250 7.6 2250 17 5.0
•	Taken at V	$I_{\rm a}$ = 150 v; $I_{\rm a}$	= 25 mA.	
INTER-ELECT	RODE CAPAC	ITANCES	ь	†
Anode/Earth Anode/Grid Grid/Earth	(μμF)	cout ca-gl cin	6.0 2.6 4.6	9.1 2.8 5.9
5		ctrode capacitan pacitance balanc		
t		acitances includ ulded holder mea		•
	potential	enotes the remail electrodes, shi Ined to cathode.		
DIMENSIONS				
Maximum Ove Maximum Dia Maximum Sea Radius Over Approximate Approximate	meter (mm) ted Height Location F Nett Weigh	(mm) Key (mm) nt (ozs)		67 22 54 12.25
MOUNTING PO	SITION -	Unrestricted.		

June 1948

6.1.18

6.L.18

TRIODE OSCILLATOR Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

BULB Clear

BASE B.8.A.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin l	Heater	h
Pin-2	Anode	a
Pin 3	Internal Connexion \S	
Pin 4	Internal Shield	s
Pin 5	Internal Connexion s	
Pin 6	Grid	gl
Pin 7	Cathode	k
Pin 8	Heater	h

"Internal Connexion" indicates that the pin is connected to an electrode for the purpose of improving mechanical rigidity. The connexion may not always be made to the same electrode on a given valve type, and it is essential that the corresponding valve holder socket be left unconnected.

June 1948

S.L. 18

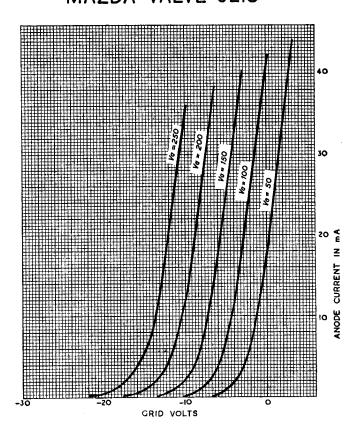
6.1.18

MAZDA

6.L.18

TRIODE OSCILLATOR Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6L18



June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

6.LD.20

DOUBLE DIODE TRIODE

Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

TENTATIVE

RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Cathode Current (mA) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Anode Impedance (ohms) Amplification Factor Maximum Mean Diode Current per diode (mA) Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode (volts DC)	Vh Ih Va(max) Ik(av)max Em ra µ Ia(d)av(max)	6.3 0.25 250 4 3.4 4 9,300 4 31.5 0.1
(40103 00)	$V_{h-k(max)}$	100

¶ Taken at $V_a = 100v$; $V_g = 0v$.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITA	INCES	†	\$
Anode/Earth (upf) Anode/Grid (upf) Grid/Earth (upf) Grid/Diode 1 (upf) Grid/Diode 2 (upf) Diode 1/Earth (upf) Diode 1/Piode 2 (upf) Diode 2/Earth (upf) Anode/Diode 1 (upf) Anode/Diode 2 (upf)	Cout(t) Cag Cin(t) Cg,a'(d) Cg,a''(d) Cin(a'd) Ca'(d)a''(d) Cin(a'd) Ca,a''(d) Ca,a''(d) Ca,a''(d)	3.7 1.5 3.6 .0017 .005 2.1 0.45 2.0 .0017	5.0 1.7 4.9 .003 .015 3.4 0.65 3.3 .0027

- † Inter-electrode capacitances with holder capacitance balanced out.
- These capacitances include a Benjamin B8A holder measured at a frequency of 1 Mc/s.

"Earth" denotes electrodes of any second valve section and the remaining earthy potential electrodes of the section under measurement, heater and shields joined to cathode.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)
Maximum Diameter (mm)
Maximum Seated Height (mm)
Radius Over Location Key (mm)
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)

6.10.20

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

6.LD.20

DOUBLE DIODE TRIODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

TENTATIVE

(
TYPICAL OPERATION			
H.T. Applied Voltage (volts) Decoupling Resistance (ohms) Anode Load (ohms) Cathode Self-Bias Resistance	ν _b Ω z _a	260 22,000 47,000	260 22,000 100,000
(ohms) Anode Current (mA) Voltage Amplification Output Voltage (R.M.S.) for	. R _k	1,500 2.0 19.5	2,200 1.3 21.5
2% Second Harmonic :		16.5	20.0

* When feeding an output valve having a 470,000 ohm grid resistor.

BULB Clear

6.10.20

BASE B.8.A.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Heater]	ħ
Pin 2	Anode	a
Pin 3	Control Grid	g ₁
Pin 4	Internal Shield	
Pin 5	Diode 2 9	a"d
Pin 6	Diode 1	a'd
Pin 7	Cathode	k
Pin 8	Heater	h

- Pin 1 should preferably be connected to "earth" potential.
- ¶ It is recommended that Diode 2 should be used for detection.

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

6.P.25

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER Indirectly heated—for parallel operation

RATING

M M M M M	aximum Heater Voltage (volts) aximum Heater Current (amps) aximum Anode Voltage (volts) aximum Anode Dissipation (watts) aximum Screen Voltage (volts) aximum Screen Dissipation (watts) utual Conductance (mA/V) nner Mu aximum Potential Heater/Cathode	Vf If Va Wa(max) Vg2 Wg2(max) Sm µg1-g2	6.3 1.1 250 10 250 2.5 • 9.0 • 17.5
	(volts DC)	$v_{h-k(max)}$	150

*Taken at $V_a = V_{g2} = 100v$; $V_{g1} = 0v$.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Earth Anode/Grid Grid/Earth	(1111F) (1111F) (1111F)	cout ca-gl cin	0.85 23
Grid/Earth	(ppr)	~in	~

"Earth" denotes the remaining earthy potential electrodes, heater and metallizing joined to cathode.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	123
Maximum Diameter (mm)	45
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	109
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	2
Approvimate Packed Weight (ozs)	3

Apart from the heater characteristics and basing, the characteristics of the 6.P.25 are identical with the Pen.45.

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.

5. P. 25

6.P.25

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION

6.P.75

Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Grid Bias Voltage (volts -ve) Quiescent Anode Current (nA) Quiescent Screen Current (mA) Power Output (watts) Anode Load (ohms) Input Swing R.M.S.	Va Vg2 Vg1 Ia(o) Ig2(o) Wout Za Vg1(rms)	q 4.5 q 5000 q 4.3	250 250 8.5 40 8.0 † 5.4 † 4700 † 5.1
Anode Current (mA) (with Input Swing)	Ia(av)	q 42	† 43
Input Swing (volts RMS) for	Vgl(rms)	0.41	0.42
Input Swing (volts RMS) for 250 mW Self Bias Resistance (ohms)	V _{gl} (rms) Rk	0.93	0. 94 180

- ¶ For 5% Third Harmonic and Second Harmonic not exceeding 5%.
- t For 7% Third Harmonic and Second Harmonic not exceeding 7%.

BULB Partly metallized

BASE A.O.7



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Metallizing	М
Pin 2	Heater	h
Pin 3	Anode	a
Pin 4	Grid 2	.g2
Pin 5	Grid 1	·šĩ
	Omitted	01
Pin 6		h
Pin 7	Heater	.,,
Pin 8	Cathode	ĸ

May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

U.22

HIGH VOLTAGE H.W. RECTIFIER Indirectly Heated

RATING		·	
Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	2.0	2.0
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	2.0	2.0
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts RMS)	Va(rms)max	5,200	
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts) (Working)	P.I.V.(max)	14,500	10,000
Maximum Mean Anode Current (mA)	I _{a(av)max}	1.0	5.0
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	Ia(pk)max	20	55.0
Minimum Limiting Resistance (ohms) •		50,000	30,000
• This resistance may be distributed resistance winding.			
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCE			
Anode/Heater+Cathode (µµF)		Ca-all	2.2
DIMENSIONS			
Maximum Overall Length (mm)			96
Maximum Diameter (Base) (mm)			29.5
Maximum Seated Height (mm)			83
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)			1
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)			11
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestrict	ed.		

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

U. 22

U.22

HIGH VOLTAGE H.W. RECTIFIER Indirectly Heated

TYPICAL	OPERATION
---------	-----------

v.22

A.C. Input Volts (RMS)	3,700	4,000	4,500	4,800	5,150	
Reservoir Condenser (µF)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
D.C. Load Current (mA)	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	
D.C. volts Output (kV)	5.0	5.45	6.1	6.5	7.0	
Ripple Volts (RMS) at 50 cps (approx.)	14	14	14	14	14	

NOTE . Heating time delay approximately 15% of final output voltage at 35 secs.

BULB Clear

CAP Standard BVA

BASE British Octal (BO4)



Viewed from underside of Base.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Heater, Cath	ode & Shield	h, k and s
Pin 2	Omitted		-
Pin 3	-		-
Pin 4	Omitted	•	-
Pin 5	-		-
Pin 6	Omitted		-,
Pin 7	Omitted		_
Pin 8	Heater		h
Top Cap	Anode		a
NOTE This	sheet supersedes	leaflet U22/Shee	et 12/6.

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issúe 1/2

U.24

HIGH VOLTAGE HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated — for R.F. E.H.T. Supply

TENTATIVE

RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps)	Vf If	2.0 0.15
(Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage	P.I.V.(max)	22.0
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (On Load) (NV)	P.I.V.(max)	20.0
Maximum Anode Voltage (RWS)	v_a	7.8
Maximum Mean Anode Current with Oscillator Operation	T	0.5
(mA) Maximum Mean Anode Current	I _a	
with Pulse operation (mA) Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	Ia Ia(pk)	0.1 15.0
CARROLL CARROL		
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES		
Anode/Heater & Shield (µµF)	^C a,h & s	1.3
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		110
Maximum Bulb Diameter (mm)		28.5
Maximum Base Diameter (mm)		31.5
Maximum Seated Height (mm)		97
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		11
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		13/4
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestrict	tat	
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestrict	Leu.	

U. 24

U.24

HIGH VOLTAGE HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated — for R.F. E.H.T. Supply TENTATIVE

BULB Clear

v.24

TOP CAP American Miniature

BASE International Octal (108)



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	-	-
Pin 2	Heater	h
Pin 3	-	-
Pin 4	-	-
Pin 5	-	-
Pin 6	-	-
Pin 7	Heater and Cathode	h & k
Pin 8	Shield	ន
Top Cap	Anode	a

NOTE

All pins with the exception of No. 2 should be connected to Pin No. 7 on the holder and Pin No. 7 connected to the reservoir condenser.

November 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

U.201

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

RATING		
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	0.2
Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	20.0
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts RMS)	Va(rms)max	250
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	750
Maximum Mean Anode Current (mA)	I _{a(av)max}	90
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	¹ a(pk)max	700
Maximum Peak Potential Heater/Cathode with heater negative (volts)	V _{h-k(max)}	550
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)	98	
Maximum Diameter (mm)	32	
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	82	
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	14	•
Approximate Packed Weight (oz	_	
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestr	icted	

U.20,

U.201

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

TYPICAL OPERATION

V.201

D.C. Load Current (mA) A.C. Input Volts (RMS) D.C. Rectified Output 70 70 70 90 90 90 230 230 110 230 230 110 *248 ‡ 235 235 ± 220 [111 Reservoir Condenser (uF) 16 16 16 16 32 D.C. Voltage drop across rectifier (volts) 8 9.5 9.5 9.5

- Voltage Output with 50 ohms limiting
 resistance in series with rectifier.
- Voltage Output with 100 ohms limiting resistance in series with rectifier.
- Voltage Output with zero limiting resistance in series with rectifier.

BULB Clear

BASE A.O.6



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3 Pin 4 Pin 5 Pin 6 Pin 7 Pin 8	Blank Heater Blank Omitted Anode Omitted Heater	h a h
LIU Q	Cathode	k

May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

U.201

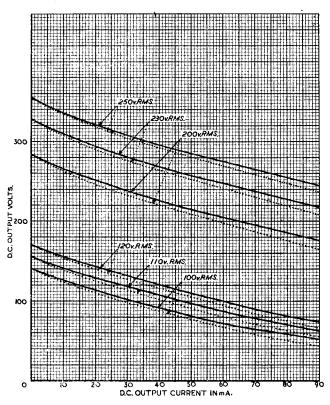
HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE U201

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Curves taken with BuF Reservoir Condenser.

Key {....... no Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.
.........50.f. Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.



May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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1.20,

U.201

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER

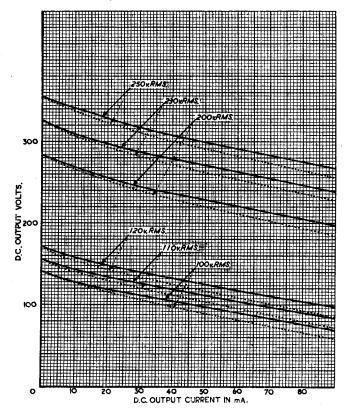
Indirectly heated - for series operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE U201

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC.

Curves taken with I2µF Reservoir Condenser,

Key 50.9. Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit,



May 1948

v.201

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

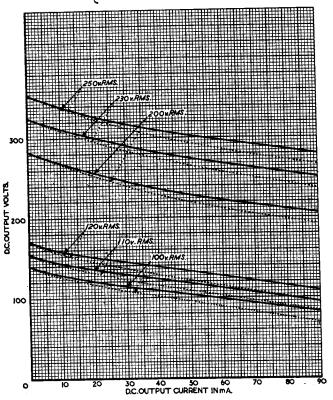
U.201

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE U2OI

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Curves taken with 16 µF Reservoir Condenser.



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v.201

MAZDA

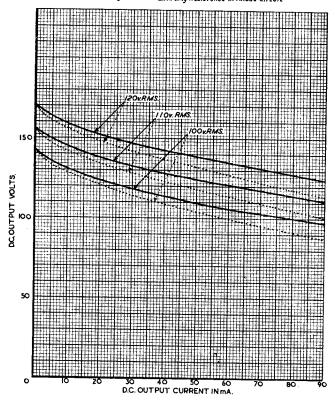
U.201

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE U2OI

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC Curves taken with 32µF Reservoir Condenser.

Key — no Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.
...... 22st Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit



May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

U.404

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

RATING		
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	0.1
Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	40.0
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts RMS)	Va(rms)max	250
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	750
Maximum Mean Anode Current (mA)	Ia(av)max	90
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	^I a(pk)max	700
Maximum Peak Potential Heater/Cathode with Heater negative (volts)	Vh-k(max)	550
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		76
Maximum Diameter (mm)		22
Maximum Seated Height (mm)		63
Radius Over Location Key (mm)		12.25
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		3
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		1
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestri	cted.	

June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

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U.404

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

TYPICAL OPERATION

V.404

D.C. Load Current (mA) D.C. Rectified Output with		70	90
230 volts R.M.S. input Reservoir Condenser (µF)	* 248	† 235 * 235 16	† 220 16
D.C. Voltage drop across rectifier (volts)		8.0	9.5

- Voltage output with 50 ohms limiting resistance in series with rectifier.
- † Voltage output with 100 ohms limiting resistance in series with rectifier.

BULB Clear

BASE B.8.A.



Viewed from free end of pins

CONNEXIONS

Ì	Pin 1	Heater	r
Ì	Pin 2	Anode	a
	Pin 3	Blank	
	Pin 4	Internal Connexion	
	Pin 5	Internal Connexion i	
	Pin 6	Internal Connexion b	
	Pin 7	Cathode	1
	Din B	Heater	Ì
	rin o		

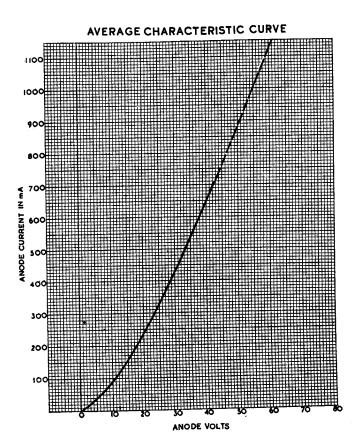
"Internal Connexion" indicates that the pin is connected to an electrode for the purpose of improving mechanical rigidity. The connexion may not always be made to the same electrode on a given valve type and it is essential that the corresponding valve holder socket be left unconnected.

June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

MAZDAU.404

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation



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MAZDA

U.404

HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

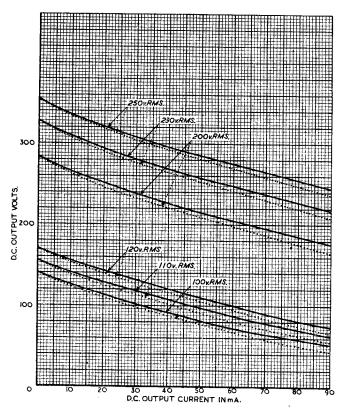
CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE

MAZDA VALVE U404

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Curves taken with 8µF Reservoir Condenser.

Key 50.0. Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.



June 1948

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U.404

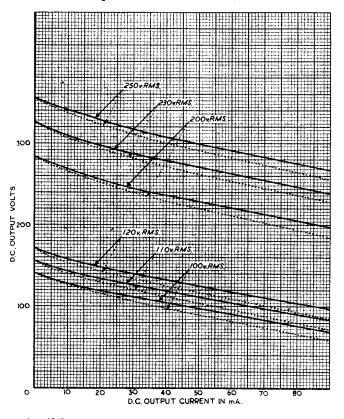
HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE U404

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Curves taken with 12µF Reservoir Condenser.

Key - no Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.
...... 50s. Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.



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U. 404

V.404

MAZDA

U.404

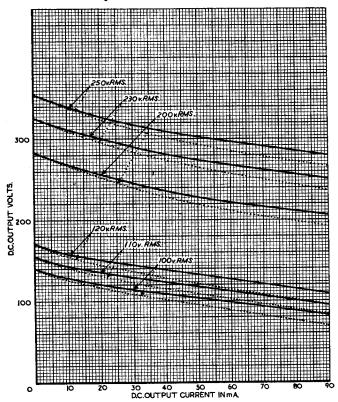
HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE U4O4

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Curves taken with 16 µF Reservoir Condenser.

(——no Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.



June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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MAZDA U.404

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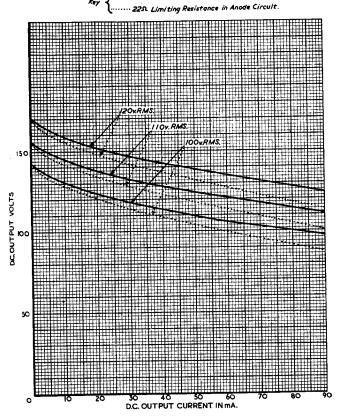
HALF WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for series operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE U.404

HALF WAVE RECTIFICATION REGULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Curves taken with 32µF Reservoir Condenser.

Key —— no Limiting Resistance in Anode Circuit.



June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

U. 404

U.U.9

FULL WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

muliecity fleated – for parat		
RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	6.3
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	0.63
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts RMS per anode)	Va(rms)max	350
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	1100
Maximum Total Mean Anode Current (mA)	Ia(av)max	90
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	Ia(pk)max	360
Maximum Reservoir Condenser (µF)		16
Maximum Peak Potential Heater/Cathode with Heater negative (volts DC)	Vh-k(max)	* 300
* This rating is applic to vibrator power sup		
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		76
Maximum Diameter (mm)		22
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	•	63
Radius Over Location Key (mm)		12.25
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		<u> </u>
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		1
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricte	d	

June 1948

v.v.9

RADIO DIVISION

U.U.9

FULL WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION (as Full Wave Rectifier)

Voltage per anode (volts RMS) Approximate DC Rectified Output 300 350 300 350 (volts) 360 425 340 405 DC Load Current (mA) 60 60 90 90 Reservoir Condenser (uF) 8 8 8 8

† These voltages assume very low transformer resistances and reactances.

EULB Clear

BASE B.8.A.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3	Heater Anode 2 Internal Connexion ¶	h a"
Pin 4	Internal Connexion 4	
Pin 5	Internal Connexion q	
Pin 6	Anode 1	a'
Pin 7	Cathode	k
Pin 8	Heater	h

¶ "Internal Connexion" indicates that the pin is connected to an electrode for the purpose of improving mechanical rigidity. The connexion may not always be made to the same electrode on a given valve type and it is essential that the corresponding valve holder socket be left unconnected.

June 1948

RADIO DIVISION

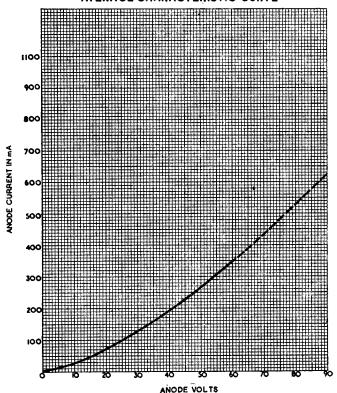
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M A Z D A U.U.9

FULL WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVE



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/2

CATHODE RAY TUBES

INTRODUCTORY NOTES

ON

MAZDA

SPECIAL PURPOSE

CATHODE RAY TUBES

The type of screen phosphor normally used in any one type of Mazda Cathode Ray Tube is, generally, indicated on the relevant data sheets. A list is given below showing all types of screen phosphor available:-

Pl. Green - Medium Persistence

P2. Blue-green - Long Persistence

P3. Blue actinic- Short Persistence

P4. White - Medium-short persistence.

When ordering, the type of screen phosphor required should be indicated by adding the appropriate suffix to the type number of the Cathode Ray Tube. Eg. 30B1/P3.

30.B.1

CATHODE RAY TUBE - ALL ELECTROSTATIC. 3\(\frac{1}{2}\)' Dia. Indirectly heated for measurement purposes.

RATING Heater Voltage (volts) 4.0 Heater Current (amps) 0.72 Ι'n Maximum 1st Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 2nd Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 3rd Anode Voltage (volts) Average Sensitivity of "X" Plates Val(max) Va2(max) 2,500 1,000 Va3(max) Average Sensitivity of (mm/V) 360/V Average Sensitivity of "Y" Plates (mm/V)

Where "V" denotes the voltage on the 3rd Anode and bulb coating.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Y2 Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes (µµF) (X1 Deflecting Plate/Y1 Deflecting Plate (µµF) (X2 Deflecting Plate (Y2 Deflecting Plate (µµF) (X2 Deflecting Plate/Y1 Deflecting Plate (µµF) (X2 Deflecting Plate/Y2 Deflecting Plate (µµF) (X2 Deflecting Plate/Y2 Deflecting Plate (µµF) (X3 Deflecting Plate)	x1,a11 x2,a11 y1,a11 y2,a11 x1,y1 x1,y2 x2,y1 x2,y2	15.0 15.0 14.5 14.5 1.5 1.0 1.0
Control Grid (Wehnelt)/All other electrodes (µµF)	Cg.all	9.5

DIMENSIONS

30.8.1

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	340
Maximum Diameter (mm)	<u> 5</u> 0
Nominal Screen Diameter (inches)	31
Approximate Nett Weight (028)	2 <u>1</u> 10 1
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	102

NOTES

For general measurement work the 30.B.1/Pl is recommended. This has a screen with a medium persistence green phosphor. For special applications, however, the tube may be supplied with any of the standard phosphors described on the Introductory Page to this Section.

Final Anode and Bulb coating are brought out separately in order to enable a finer spot or a higher writing speed to be obtained by increasing the Final Anode voltage above the limit set for the lst Anode Voltage.

In use the 3rd Anode and bulb coating are normally joined.

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/3

800/V

30.B.1

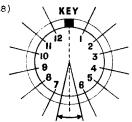
CATHODE RAY TUBE-ALL ELECTROSTATIC. $3\frac{1}{2}$ Dia. Indirectly heated-for measurement purposes.

					- 1
	TYPICAL OPERATION				
	3rd Anode Voltage (volts) 2nd Anode Voltage - approx-	Va3	2,000	5,0	000
	imate, for focus (volts)	Va2	440	8	300
-	1st Anode Voltage (volts)	Val	2,000	2,0	000
	Average Bias on Control Grid for Cut-off of Beam Current				- 1
	(volts)	٧g	-60	-	-60
Ì	Average Working Bias for 201A	•	77		20
ì	Beam (volts) Approximate Sensitivity of		-33	-	-33
ļ	"X" Plates (mm/V)		0.20	- 0	.08
Ì	Approximate Sensitivity of "Y" Plates (mm/V)		0.70	0	
	"I" Plates (mm/V)		0.30	Ů.	.12
1					- 1

BASE 12 Contact Key Base (BS.448)

VIEW OF FREE END

PERMISSIBLE ANGULAR VARIATION OF MOUNTS ± 10°



CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Control Grid	g
Pin 2	Cathode	k
Pin 3	Heater	h
Pin 4	Heater	h h
Pin 5	Anode 1	
Pin 6	Anode 2	al a2
Pin 7	Internal Coating	m
Pin 8	Deflecting Plate Y2	
Pin 9	Deflecting Plate X2	y2 x2
Fin 10	Anode 3	a3
Pin 11	Deflecting Plate X1	xī
Pin 12	Deflecting Plate Yl	yl
	-	• -

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/3

30.8.

30.C.2

CATHODE RAY TUBE - ALL ELECTROSTATIC. $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia. Indirectly heated - for measurement purposes.

RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum 1st Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 2nd Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 3rd Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 3rd Anode Voltage (volts) Va2(me Average Sensitivity of "X" Plates (mm/V)	ix)	4.0 0.72 2,500 1,000 6,000 600/V
 Where "V" denotes the voltage on the Anode and bulb coating. 	3rd	
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES		
Xl Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes (µµF) XZ Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes (µµF) Yl Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes (µµF) YZ Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes (µµF) Xl Deflecting Plate/Yl Deflecting Plate (µµF) Xl Deflecting Plate/Yl Deflecting Plate (µµF) XZ Deflecting Plate/Yl Deflecting Plate (µµF) XZ Deflecting Plate/Yl Deflecting Plate (µµF) Control Grid (Wehnelt)/all other electrodes (µµF)	Cx1,all Cx2,all Cy1,all Cy2,all Cx1,yl Cx1,y2 Cx2,yl Cx2,y2 Cg,all	15.0 15.0 14.5 14.5 1.5 1.0 1.25
DIMENSIONS .		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		430
Maximum Diameter (mm)		140
Nominal Screen Diameter (inches)		5 è
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		30
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)		112

NOTES

30 C 7

For general measurement work the 30.C.2/Pl is recommended. This has a screen with a medium persistence green phosphor. For special applications, however, the tube may be supplied with any of the standard phosphors described on the Introductory Page to this Section.

Final Anode and Bulb coating are brought out separately in order to enable a finer spot or a high writing speed to be obtained by increasing the Final Anode Voltage above the limit set for the lst Anode Voltage.

In use the 3rd Anode and Bulb coating are normally joined.

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RADIO DIVISION

Issue 2/3

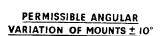
30.C.2

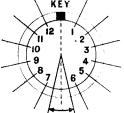
CATHODE RAY TUBE - ALL ELECTROSTATIC. 5½" Dia. Indirectly heated - for measurement purposes.

TYPICAL OPERATION			
3rd Anode Voltage (volts) 2nd Anode Voltage -	v_{a3}	2,000	5,000
approximate, for focus (volts) lst Anode Voltage (volts) Average Bias on Control Grid	Va2 Val	440 2,000	800 2,000
for Cut-off of Beam Current (volts) Average Working Bias for	٧g	-60	-60
20µA Beam (volts) Approximate Sensitivity of		-33	-33
"X" Plates (mm/V) Approximate Sensitivity of		0.30	0.12
"Y" Plates (mm/V)		0.57	0.23

BASE Special 12 Contact Key Base (BS448)

VIEW OF FREE END





CONNEXIONS

Pin 1

1 1 1 1 1	Control Grid
Pin 2	Cathode
Pin 3	Heater
Pin 4	Heater
Fin 5	Anode l
Pin 6	Anode 2
Pin 7	Internal Coating
Pin 8	Deflecting Plate Y2
Pin 9	Deflecting Plate X2
Pin 10	Anode 3
Pin 11	Deflecting Plate X1
Pin 12	Deflecting Plate Y1

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Issue 2/3

gkhhalam alam yxas

xl yl

30.C.3

30.C.3

CATHODE RAY TUBE-ALL ELECTROSTATIC. $5\frac{1}{2}$ Dia. Indirectly heated-for measurement purposes, with side connexions to both pairs of plates.

1	RATING			
	Heater Current (amps) Maximum 1st Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 2nd Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 3rd Anode Voltage (volts)	Vh Ih Val(max) Va2(max) Va3(max)	1	4.0 0.72 2,500 1,000 6,000
i	Average Sensitivity of "X" Plates (mm/V)		t	600/V
	Average Sensitivity of "Y" Plates (mm/V)		t	1,100/V
	† Where "V" denotes the voltage on the 3rd An	node and Bu	lb Coating	
	INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES			
	XI Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes X2 Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes Y1 Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes Y2 Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes Y2 Deflecting Plate/Y1 Deflecting Plate X1 Deflecting Plate/Y1 Deflecting Plate X2 Deflecting Plate/Y2 Deflecting Plate X2 Deflecting Plate/Y1 Deflecting Plate X2 Deflecting Plate/Y2 Deflecting Plate Control Grid (Wehnelt)/All other electrodes (NUF) X1 Deflecting Plate/Y2 Deflecting Plate Y1 Deflecting Plate	(uuf)	Cx1,all Cx2,all Cy1,all Cy1,all Cy2,all Cx1,yl Cx2,yl Cx2,yl Cx2,y2 Cg,all Cx1,x2 Cy1,y2	6.0 6.0 8.6 8.6 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 3.2
	DIMENSIONS			
	Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm) Nominal Screen Diameter (inches)			430 140 5 1
	Approximate Nett Weight (ozs) Approximate Packed Weight (lbs)			30 11 1

NOTES

30.C.3

The commexions to the deflector plates are brought out to side contacts on the neck of the tube in order to reduce the inductance and capacitance of the leads, and the coupling between the X and Y plates. It is intended, particularly, for H.F. and pulse measurements.

For general measurement work the 30.0.3/Fl is recommended. This has a soreen with a medium persistence green phosphor. For special applications, however, the tube may be supplied with any of the standard phosphors described on the Introductory Page to this section.

Final Anode and Bulb coating are brought out separately in order to enable a finer spot or a higher writing speed to be obtained by increasing the Final Anode voltage above the limit set for the let Anode Voltage.

In use the 3rd Anode and Bulb coating are normally joined.

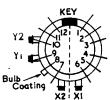
Issue 2/3

30.C.3

CATHODE RAY TUBE-ALL ELECTROSTATIC. $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Dia. Indirectly heated-for measurement purposes, with side connexions to both pairs of plates.

TYPICAL OPERATION			
3rd Anode Voltage (volts) 2nd Anode Voltage - approximate	v_{a3}	2,000	6,000
for focus (volts) lst Anode Voltage (volts) Average Bias on Control Grid for Cut-off of Beam Current	Va2 Val	2,000	2,000
(volts)	$v_{\mathbf{g}}$	-60	-60
Average Working Bias for 20µA Beam (volts)		-33	-33
Approximate Sensitivity of "X" Plates (mm/V)		0.30	0.1
Approximate Sensitivity of "Y" Plates (mm/V)		0.57	0.19

BASE 12 Contact Key Base BS.448.



CONNEXIONS

ì		
Pin 1	Control Grid	g
Pin 2	Cathode	g k
Pin 3	Heater	h
Pin 4	Heater	h
Pin 5	Anode 1	al
Pin 6	Anode 2	a2
Pin 7	-	-
Pin 8	_	-
Pin 9	-	-
Pin 10	Anode 3	a 3
Pin 11	-	_
Pin 12	-	_
·		

^{30.}С.3

30.C.8

CATHODE RAY TUBE-ALL ELECTROSTATIC. 7" Dia. Indirectly heated-for Radio D.F. Compass

RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum 1st Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 2nd Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum 3rd Anode Voltage (volts) Average Sensitivity of "X"	Vh Ih Val(max) Va2(max) Va3(max)	4.0 0.72 500 1,000 4,000
Plates (mm/V)		\$ 520/V
Average Sensitivity of "Y" Plates (mm/V)		‡ 520/V

Where "V" denotes the voltage on the 3rd Anode.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

YS Deflecting Plate/All other electrodes ()µF) XE Deflecting Plate/YW Deflecting Plate ()µF) YN Deflecting Plate/YS Deflecting Plate ()µF) XE-XW Deflecting Plates/YN-YS Deflecting	Cxe,all Cxw,all Cyn,all Cys,all Cxe,xw Cyn,ys C(xe+xw) -(yn+ys)	14.6 14.0 14.9 13.8 4.5 4.4
electrodes (µµF)	Cc.all	8.6

DIMENSIONS

30.C.8

Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm)	495 1 7 5
Nominal Screen Diameter (inches)	7
Approximate Nett Weight (1bs)	21
Approximate Packed Weight (1be)	2 1 11 1

NOTES

This is a Cathode Ray Tube with a compass scale affixed to the screen. It is a precision constructed and calibrated instrument which provides bearings with an error not exceeding 1% at any point on the scale while the four cardinal bearings, N,S,E,W, are accurate to :0.25°.

Normally the tube is supplied with a green phosphor (P1) having medium persistence characteristics. Other phosphors (see Introductory Page 1. to this section) and scale arrangements can be supplied by special arrangement.

The gun system is capable of providing the high beam currents required for "Pulse D.F." $\,$

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

30.C.8

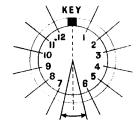
CATHODE RAY TUBE-ALL ELECTROSTATIC. 7" Dia. Indirectly heated-for Radio D.F. Compass

TYPICAL OPERATION		
3rd Anode Voltage (volts) 2nd Anode Voltage-approximate, for	v_{a3}	2,200
focus (volts)	Va2	440
1st Anode Voltage (volts)	Val	450
Negative Bias on Control Grid for cut-off of Beam Current (volts)	v_g	60

The voltage required on the 2nd Anode for focus decreases with an increase of beam current and the above figure gives the voltage required at low currents.

BASE 12 Contact Key Base (BS.448)

VIEW OF FREE END



PERMISSIBLE ANGULAR VARIATION OF MOUNTS ± 10°

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Control Grid	g '
Pin 2	Cathode	k
Pin 3	Heater	h
Pin 4	Heater	h
Pin 5	Anode 1	al -
Pin 6	Anode 2	a2
Pin 7	Blank	
Pin 8	Deflecting Plate YS	ys
Pin 9	Deflecting Plate YN·	yn a3
Pin 10	Anode 3	
Pin 11	Deflecting Plate XE	хe
Pin 12	Deflecting Plate XW	XW
1		

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RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/3

.c.*

30.E.7

CATHODE RAY TUBE-ALL ELECTROSTATIC. 12" Dia. Indirectly heated-for Radio D.F. Compass

+ Where "V" denotes the voltage on the 3rd Anode.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Plates (mm/V)

XE+XW Deflecting Plates/YN+YS Deflecting Plates (µµF)	Cxe,all 15. Cxw,all 15. Cyn,all 14. Cys,all 15. Cxe,xw 5. Cyn,ys 4. C(xe,xw) -(yn+ys) 2.	6 9 6 1 8
Control Grid (Wehnelt)/All other electrodes (pur)	Cg,all 9.	8

DIMENSIONS

30.E.1

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	640
Maximum Diameter (mm)	312
Nominal Screen Diameter (inches)	12
Approximate Nett Weight (lbs)	7 1
Approximate Packed Weight (lbs)	53

NOTES

This is a Cathode Ray Tube with a compass scale affixed to the screen. It is a precision constructed and calibrated instrument which provides bearings with an error not exceeding 1% at any point on the scale while the four cardinal bearings, N, S, E, W, are accurate to 10.25°.

Normally the tube is supplied with a green phosphor (Pl) having medium persistence characteristics. Other phosphors (see Introductory Page to this Section) and scale arrangements can be supplied by special arrangement.

The gun system is capable of providing the high beam currents required for "pulse D.F."

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

1.... 1/2

t 800/V

30.E.7

CATHODE RAY TUBE-ALL ELECTROSTATIC. 12" Dia. Indirectly heated-for Radio D.F. Compass

TYPICAL OPERATION

 3rd Anode Voltage (volts)
 Va3
 2,200

 2nd Anode Voltage - approximate, for focus (volts); the stander Voltage (volts)
 Va2
 450

 1st Anode Voltage (volts)
 Va1
 450

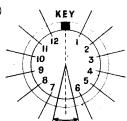
 Negative Blas on Control Grid for Cut-off of Beam Current (volts)
 Vg
 60

> The voltage required on the 2nd Anode for focus decreases with an increase of beam current and the above figure gives the voltage required at low currents.

BASE 12 Contact Key Base (BS 448)

VIEW OF FREE END

PERMISSIBLE ANGULAR VARIATION OF MOUNTS ± 10°



CONNEXIONS

Pin 1

Pin 2

Pin 4	Heater		
Pin 5	Anode 1		
Pin 6	Anode 2		
Pin 7	Blank		
Pin 8	Deflecting	Plate	YS
Pin 9	Deflecting	Plate	ΥN
Pin 10	Anode 3		
Pin 11	Deflecting	Plate	XΕ
Pin 12	Deflecting	Plate	ΥW
1111 16	DOT TOO CTIFE		7. 11

Control Grid

Cathode

g k h

al a2

ys yn a3 xe

30.F.>

TRANSMITTING VALVES

_{ЕНА 2500}

EDISWAN

EHA.2500

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE

GENERAL

The EHA 2500 is a three electrode valve designed for use as a Radio Frequency Amplifier or Oscillator. The anode is fitted with a special radiator and cooling is obtained by forced air.

As the design minimises lead inductance, this valve is particularly suitable for H.F. applications.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Average Maximum Filament	V _f I _f Va(max)	8.0 80.0 7,500
Emission (amps) Maximum Anode Dissipation	F_{em}	4.5
(kW) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Amplification Factor Anode Impedence (ohms) Maximum Operating Frequency at	Wa(max) Em µ ra	2.5 • 5.5 • 55.0 • 10,000
full rating		† 40 Mc/ε

- Taken at V_a = 7,000v; I_a = 400mA.
- † At higher frequencies the maximum permissable anode voltages and inputs must be reduced.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Grid (µµF)	ca-gl	11.0
Anode/Filament (µµF)	ca-f	1.0
Grid/Filament (µµF)	gl-f	12.0
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6+ ·	12.0

AIR FLOW

200 cubic feet per minute. 15 cubic feet per minute on to seals. When the valve is mounted with glass end up arrangements should be made to draw the cooling air through the radiator. If this is not possible it is recommended that the valve should be mounted with the glass end down and the leads passed through the sides of a special supporting cylinder. The outline drawing of this cylinder is shown on the next page and can be supplied.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	240
Maximum Diameter (mm)	150
Approximate Nett Weight (1bs)	13.0
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	54.0

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

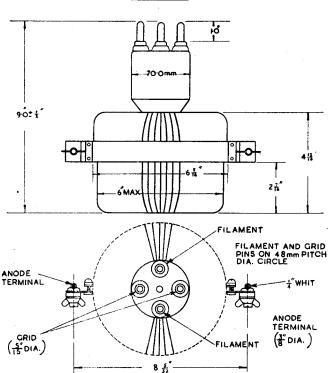
issue 1/4

EHA.2500

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE

EHA. 2500





ALL DIMS IN INS UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

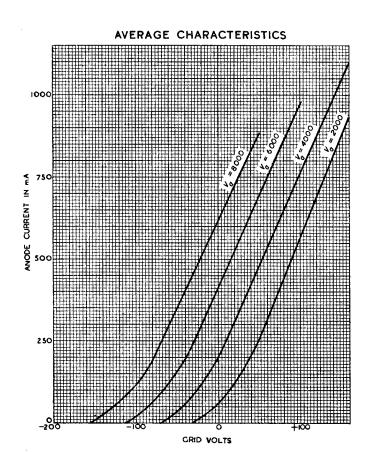
August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

EHA 2500

EDISWAN EHA.2500

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE



August 1948

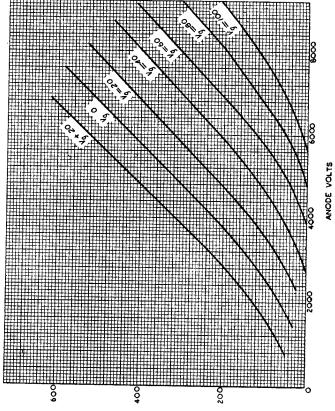
RADIO DIVISION

ESUM 1/4

EHA.2500

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



AMODE CURRENT IN THE

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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EHA.2500

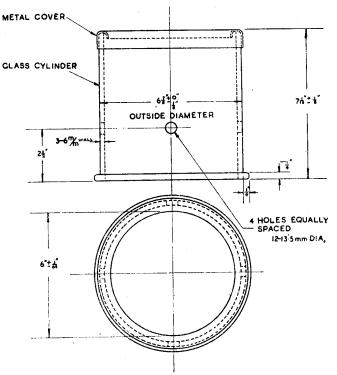
EHA 2500

EDISWAN

EHA.2500

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE

SUPPORT TYPE G.C.2.



NOTE THIS SUPPORT IS USED WHEN VALVE IS OPERATED IN AN INVERTED POSITION

ALL DIMS IN Ins UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

August 1948

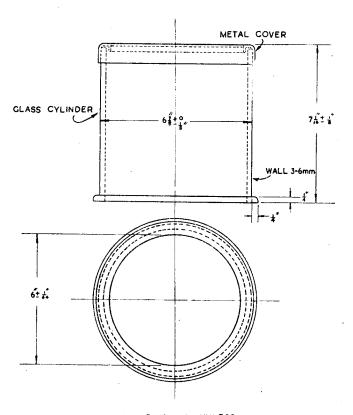
RADIO DIVISION

issue 1/4

EHA.2500

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE

SUPPORT TYPE G.C.1.



ALL DIMS IN INSUNCESS

STATED OTHERWISE

FOR USE WHEN VALVE IS MOUNTED WITH GLASS END UP

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/4

EHA. 2500

EDISWAN EHA.5000

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE

GENERAL

The EHA.5000 is a three electrode valve designed for use as a Radio Frequency Amplifier or Oscillator. The anode is fitted with a special radiator and cooling is obtained by forced air. The design minimises lead inductance and this valve is particularly suitable for use in R.F. heating equipments. It is the direct equivalent of the American type 889R.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	Vf If Va(max)	11.0 125 8,500
Maximum Filament Emission (amps) Maximum Anode Dissipation (kW)	Fem Wa(max)	11.0 5.0
Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Amblification Factor	ε_{m}	‡ 10 ‡ 20
Anode Impedance (ohms)	μ r _a	1 2,000
Maximum Operating Frequency at full rating		§ 25 Mc/s

- t Taken at $V_a = 5,000v$; $I_a = 1,000mA$.
- § At higher frequencies the maximum permissable anode voltages and inputs must be reduced.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Grid (puF) Anode/Filament (puF) Grid/Filament (puF)	ca-gl ca-f gl-1	20.7 2.5
Grid/Filament (uuf)	gI-?	19.5

AIR FLOW (MAIN)

500 cubic feet per minute. In addition, 15 cubic feet per minute should be directed on to the seals.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	298.5
Maximum Diameter (mm)	192.0
Approximate Nett Weight (1bs)	34.0
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	72.0

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

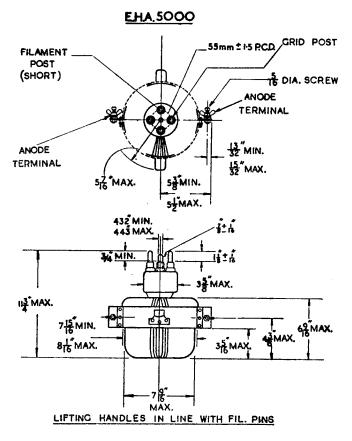
August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

EHA.5000

FORCED AIR COOLED TRIODE





ALL DIMS IN Ins UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

issue 1/4

ESU.866

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

RATING

£5U.866

Filament Voltage (volts)	V _f	2.5
Filament Current (amps)	Ιr	5.0
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)	1.0
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	10,000
Maximum Mean Anode Current (amps)	Ia(av)max	0.25
Approximate Voltage Drop (volts)	Vir	15
Cathode Delay Time (secs)	t**	60
Ambient Temperature (C°)		20-60

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	170
Maximum Diameter (mm)	66
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	3
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	1 1 2
Approximate Packed Export Weight (1bs)	2

MOUNTING POSITION Vertical

BASE U.X. 4 pin.

TOP CAP Anode

SPECIAL NOTE

When first placed into operation it is essential that the filament is run at the rated value for 15 minutes without any anode voltage being applied.

APPLICATION

The single phase half wave circuit is not favoured on account of the magnitude and frequency of the ripple current which is more difficult to filter than in other systems. Furthermore with choke input the D.C. output voltage will be approximately 0.45 of the transformer r.m.s. voltage. Full wave rectification overcomes the disadvantages of a half wave system and is therefore recommended.

TYPICAL CIRCUITS

The necessary 60 sec. delay is provided by the DLS.10 which should be connected to a separate winding on filament transformer or to an independent L.V. Transformer. A bleeder resistor should be connected across the output circuit and where possible it should draw 10% of the full load current. This resistor will also discharge the filter condenser(s) on switching off.

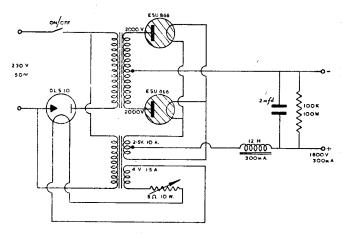
December 1948

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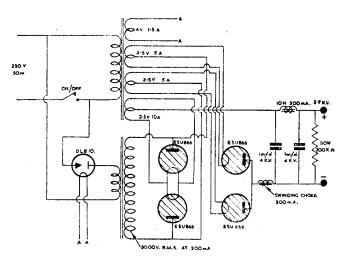
ESU.866

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

FULL WAVE CIRCUIT TO SUPPLY 1-8 KV AT 300 m A.



BRIDGE RECTIFIER CIRCUIT TO SUPPLY 2.7 K.V. AT 300 m:A



November 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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FSU. 856

ЕНW 3000

EDISWAN

EHW.3000

WATER COOLED TRIODE

GENERAL

The EHW.3000 is a triode designed for use as a radio-frequency amplifier or oscillator. The anode is water-cooled and is capable of dissipating up to 3 kilowatts, depending upon the class of service. The design minimizes lead inductance and makes the valve particularly suitable for high frequency applications.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	. V _f	8.0
Filament Current (amps)	Ϊ́r	80.0
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Average Maximum Filament Emission	Va(max)	7,500
(amps)	Fem(av)	4.5
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Pa(max)	3,000
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	gm	• 5.5
Amplification Factor)u	• 55
Anode Impedance (ohms)	$\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{a}}$	• 10,000
Maximum Operating Frequency at		
full rating		:10 Mc/s

- Taken at $V_a = 7,000v$; $I_a = 400 \text{ mA}$.
- At higher frequencies the maximum permissable anode voltages and inputs must be reduced.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAFACITANCES

Ai	node/Grid	(ppF)	ca,g	11.0
Ai	node/Filament	(ppF)	ca,f	1.0
G:	rid/Filament	(ppF)	g,f	12.0
1 4	14/1114.0	\mu_* /	0,1	

WATER FLOW 2 gallons per minute

AIRFLOW 15 Cubic feet should be directed on to the seals.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm)	245 70
Approximate Nett Weight (1b)	4
Approximate Packed Weight (1b)	11
Approximate Export Packed Weight (1b)	14

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

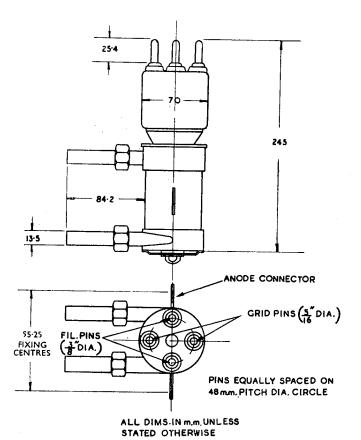
October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

EHW.3000

WATER COOLED TRIODE



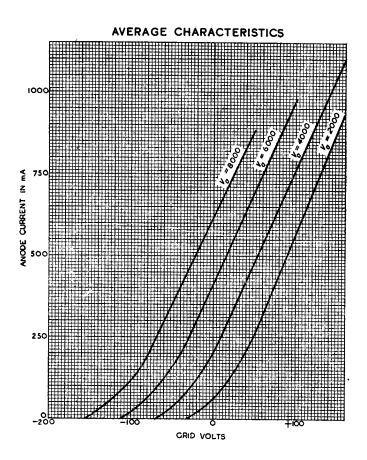


October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

EHW.3000

EDISWAN EHW.3000 WATER COOLED TRIODE



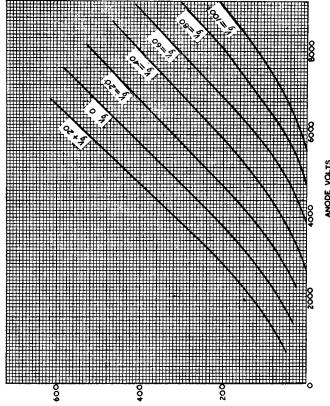
October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

EHW.3000

WATER COOLED TRIODE

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



AMODE CURRENT IN MA

October 1948 RADIO DIVISION

EHW. 3000

ESW.204

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE

GENERAL

15W.20A

The ESW.204 is a U.H.F. triode suitable for use in industrial and transmitting equipment. The filament is of the thoristed Tungsten type.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Average Maximum Filament Emission Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Amplification Factor Anode Impedance (ohms)	Vf If Va(max) Fem(av) Wa.(max) gm u	11.0 7.0 2,000 2.5 250 * 200 * 18.0 * 9,000
Maximum Operating Frequency at full rating	*8	† 80 Mc/s

- Taken at Va = 2,000v; Ia = 125 mA
- † At higher frequencies the maximum permissable anode voltages and inputs must be reduced.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Grid (ppF)	ca,gl	8.4
Anode/Filament (ppF)	ca,f	1.56
Grid/Filement (µµF)	gl, f	3.23

DIMENSIONS

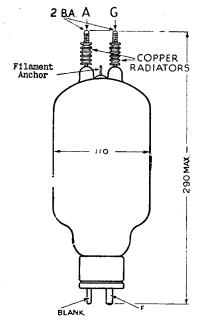
Maximum Overall Length (mm)	290.0
Maximum Diameter (mm)	110.0

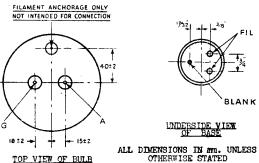
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ESW.204

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE





Base blank pin in alignment with Anode terminal on top of bulb

August 1948

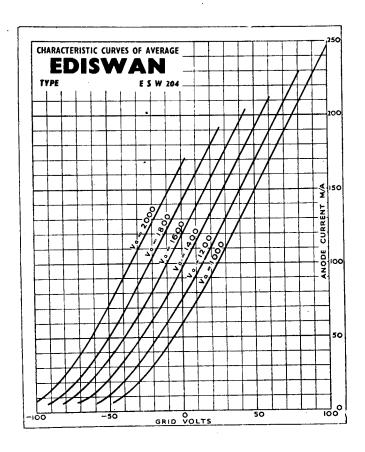
RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/4

FSW. 204

ESW. 20A

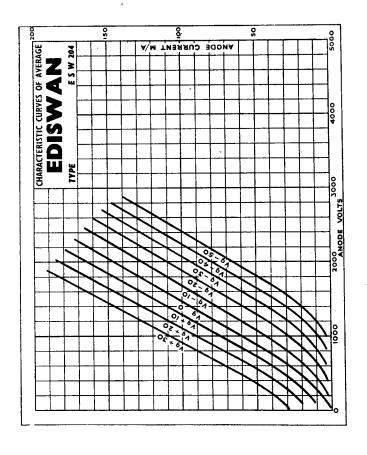
EDISWAN ESW.204 RADIATION COOLED TRIODE



August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ESW.204

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE



August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

ESW. 204

ESW.501

EDISWAN

ESW.501

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE

GENERAL					
The ESW.501 is a U.H.F. thoriated tungsten filament triode suitable for use in industrial and transmitting equipment.					
RATING		,			
Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts). Average Maximum Filament Emission (amps) Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts) Mutual Conductance (mi/V) Amplification Factor Anode Impedance (ohms) Maximum Operating Frequency at full rating Fower Output (watts) • Taken at Va = 1,000v; Ia	Vf If Va(max) Fem(av) Wa(max) Em Va Po Po	6.0 4.00 1,500 60.0 • 1.3 • 8.0 • 6,200			
At higher frequencies the permissable anode voltage must be reduced.	e maximum e and input				
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES					
Anode/Grid (yyF)	ca,gl	4.0			
Anode/Filement (yyF)	ca,f	1.26			
Grid/Filament (yyF)	gl,f	1.63			
DIMENSIONS					
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		215			
Maximum Diameter (mm)		57.0			
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)					
Approximate Home Packed Weight (1bs)					
Approximate Export Packed Weight (1bs)	6.0			
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical					

August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ESW.501

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE

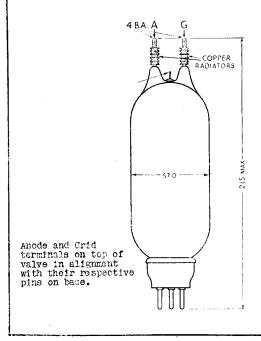
TOP CONNEXIONS Anode and Grid - screw terminals.

BASE

4 pin. Standard B.V.A. Filament - pins 3 & 4.



Viewed from free end of pins.



August 1948

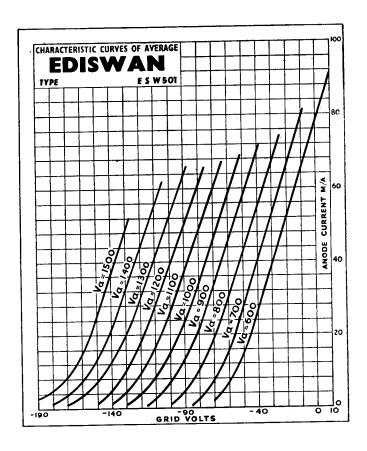
RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/4

Fs4.50,

ESW.501

EDISWAN ESW.501 RADIATION COOLED TRIODE



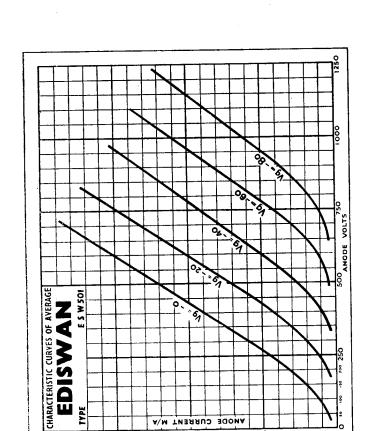
August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/4

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

EDISWAN ESW.501

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE



35

August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ANODE CURRENT M/A

ESW.50,

INDUSTRIAL VALVES

EDISWAN BARRETTERS

BARRETTERS

(also overleaf)

HYDROGEN FILLED RESISTANCE LAMPS

TYPE	VOLTAGE (volts)	current (emps)	Base	HAXIMUM OVERALL LENGTH	MAXIMUM OVERALL DIAMETER	REMARKS
BU 30/2	1 - 3	.2733	ES	85	32	
BU \$0/4	2.5- 6	.2733	ES	100	32	
BU 30/6	3 - 9	.2733	ES	90	27	
BU 30/8	4 - 12	.2733	ES	100	32	
BU 30/10	6 - 14	.2733	ES	115	32	
BU 30/12	6 - 18	.2733	ES	100	32	
BU 30/50	25 - 75	.2733	23	120	38	
BU 30/110	85 - 170	.2733	E3	240	46	
BU 35/14	10 - 18	.316385	123	115	28	
BU 35/80	40 - 120	.315385	23	145	58	
BU 40/8	4 - 12	.3644	23	126	25	
BU 43/30	15 - 45	.387473	ES	105	32	
90 47/6	3 - 9	.323517	ES	100 -	32	
BT 50/8	4 - 12	.4555	E3	125	32	
BU 50/24	12 - 36	.4555	3 PIN	95 N.I.P.	32	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 50/40	25 - 50	.45 - ,55	ES	120	32	
BU 60/120	80 - 150	.5565	ES	156	64	
BU 63/30	15 - 45	.567693	4 PIN	110 N.I.P.	53	
BU 65/10	6 - 14	.585715	ES	107	25	
BU 65/14	9 - 20	.586715	ES	105	32	
BU 70/8	4 - 12	.6577	3 PIN	75 N.I.P.	32	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 70/12	8 - 16	.6377	3 PIN	80 N.I.P.	32	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 70/16	10 - 21	.6377	3 PIN	80 N.I.P.	52	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 70/22	16 - 38	.6577	3 PIN	90 N.I.F.	39	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 70/28	16 - 38	.6377	5 PIN	100 N.I.P.	32	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 70/35	20 - 45	.6377	3 PIE	100 N.T.P.	3 8	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 80/21	12 - 30	.7288	ES	135	38	
BU 65/5	4 - 8	.765935	ES	105	32	
BU 85/8	4 - 12	.765935	ES	125	32	
BU 90/100	60 - 140	.810990	ES	320	64	ł

December 1948

RADIO DIVISION

EDISWAN BARRETTERS

(continued)

HYDROGEN FILLED RESISTANCE LAMPS

TYPE	VOLTAGE (volta)	CURRENT (amps)	BASE	Maximum Overall Length	MAXIMUM OVERALL DIAMETER	Remarks
			MES	45	26	
BU 100/06	.48	.9 - 1.1		1	32	
BU 100/3	1.5-4.5	.9 - 1.1	ES	100		
BU 100/4	2 - 6	.9 - 1.1	ES	110	32	
BU 100/6	3 - 9	.9 - 1.1	ES	90	32	
BU 100/8	4 - 12	.9 - 1.1	E3	96	32	
BU 100/10	5 - 15	.9 - 1.1	ES	115	32	
BU 100/11	6 - 16	.9 - 1.1	ES	122	32	ļ
80 100/14	7 - 20	.9 - 1.1	ES	125	38	
BU 100/140	7 - 20	.9 - 1.1	3 PIN	120 N.I.P.	38	
8U 100/20	15 - 30	.9 - 1.1	ES	100	38	
BU 115/22	11 - 31	1.03-1.26	3 PIN	105 N.I.P.	38	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 130/7	4 - 10	1.17-1.43	ES	115	32	
BU 133/110	60 - 160	1.2 -1.46	E3	315	64	
BU 140/28	18 - 35	1,26-1.54	4 PIN	115 N.I.P.	64	1
BU 150/16	80 - 240	1.275-1.725	ES	320	90	}
DU 170/28	15 - 40	1.53-1.87	3 PIN	110 N.I.P.	38	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 180/5	3 - 7	1.62-1.98	Mazda Octal	75 N.I.P.	32	
BU 190/24	15 - 34	1.71-2.09	3 PIN	120	38	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 200/7	4 - 10	1.8 - 2.2	4 PIN	120	45	
BU 200/14	8 - 20	1.8 - 2,2	3 PIN	100 N.I.P.	32	CENTRE TAPPED
BU 200/20	11 - 29	1.8 - 2.2	ES	130	58	
BU 215/75	50 - 100	1.9 - 2.3	ES	280	64	
BU 250/7	4 - 10	2.25-2.75	4 PIN	125 N.I.P.	38	
BU 280/20	10 - 30	2.52-3.08	3 PIN	150 N.I.P.	58	
BU \$50/55	40 - 80	3.15-3.86	Special	290	90	
BU 350/55/	40 - 80	3.15-3.85	GES	300 approx.	90	
BU 400/6	3 - 9	3.5 - 5.0	ES	145	51	
BU 600/8	8 - 9	5.4 - 6.6	ES	150	53	
BU 800/6	3 - 9	7.2 - 8.8	53	145	58	

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RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

SARRETTERS

015:10

EDISWAN

DLS.10

VACUUM THERMAL DELAY SWITCH

GENERAL

This vacuum delay switch is designed on a new principle intended to overcome the disadvantages of the ordinary bimetallic strip delay switch. The operating parts are enclosed in a glass bulb which is evacuated and renders the action immune from atmospheric influence.

A small filament is mounted vertically on a glass stem, and adjacent to it is a thin strip of special thermostatic metal. Attached to this strip is a springy contact which is normally clear of a fixed contact. On application of current to the filament the metal strip is heated by radiation and curves away from the filament. This springy contact then presses firmly against the fixed contact and remains in position as long as the heater is alight.

On switching off the heater the contact is broken after a lapse of some seconds. The time taken for the contact to close can be varied by inserting a series resistance in the heater circuit to reduce the temperature.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	٧r	4.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	1.5
Delay Time at 4.0v (secs)		min. 30: max. 90
Maximum Peak Current (Low Voltage Rating)	I _{pk}	6 amps at 250 v
Maximum Peak Current (High Voltage Rating)	I_{pk}	200 mA at 1 kV

* At approximately 4.0v.

DIMENSIONS

August 1948

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

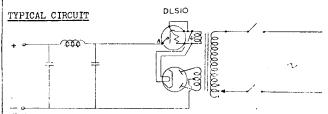
DLS.10

VACUUM THERMAL DELAY SWITCH

APPLICATION

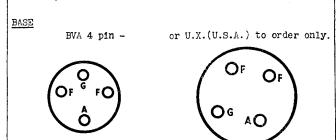
This delay switch is recommended for use with mercury vapour rectifiers in order to provide the necessary delay before the anode voltage is applied. The normal delay time is 60 seconds but the periods of delay up to approximately 1½ minutes can be arranged for if necessary. The heater should be connected across the rectifier filament (4v.) and the contacts on the pins A and G are connected in the H.T. positive supply.

It is essential that negligible potential difference should exist between the filament and moving contact, or trouble may be experienced due to thermionic emission. Alternatively the switch contacts may be connected in the primary of the H.T. mains transformer.



NOTE

This switch is normally intended to operate at 4.0 volts and higher values of heater voltage will affect the life adversely.



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015.10

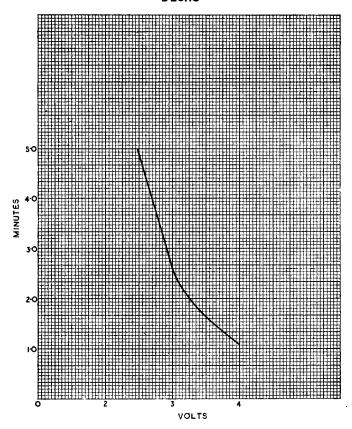
DLS.10

EDISWAN

DLS.10

VACUUM THERMAL DELAY SWITCH

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE EDISWAN THERMAL DELAY SWITCH DLS.IO



August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

ES.75

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER

GENERAL

The ES.75 is a power valve for use in public address equipment and large power amplifiers in general. It will be found suitable for relay service work where it can be used in place of a number of smaller ouput valves with a corresponding simplification of circuit. The ES.75 is similar to the ES.75.H, but has a lower amplification factor with a corresponding increase in the grid bias under working conditions. Basing commexions are shown overleaf.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	v_f	10.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	4.2
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	Va(ma	ax) 1,000
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Wa	• 75
Audio Output (watts) (approx.)	Wout	15
Amplification Factor	Д	5.0
Impedance (ohms)	ra ·	2,100
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	g_{m}	2.4
Grid Voltage (approx.)	v_g	150 volts negative at 1,000 anode volts.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	202
Maximum Diameter (mm)	57

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RADIO DIVISION

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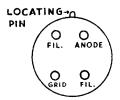
FS. >5

ES.75

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER

BASE Jumbo

£5.15



Viewed from free end of pins.

APPLICATION

The *ated value of 75 watts dissipation should never be exceeded. Owing to the small bulb and the special heat-resisting glass employed, the bulb becomes hot during normal operation and it should be mounted in an open well ventilated position. It is advisable to mount the valve in a vertical position with the base downwards, but if this is not desirable the filement should be in the vertical plane when the valve is mounted horizontally.

The filament may be supplied from alternating current and the anode and grid return leads should be taken to the centre tap of the filament transformer. If direct current is used for the filament, the return should be to the positive lead. When the valves are operated in parallel or push-pull, a small choke coil or low resistance should be connected in the grid circuit of each valve to prevent oscillation.

NOTE

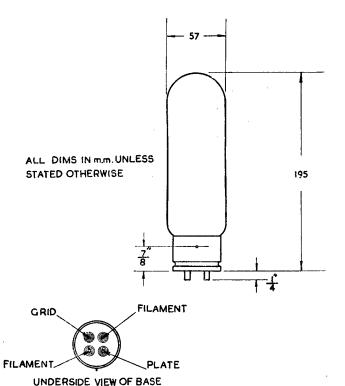
The valve is supplied in a special wooden carrying crate to protect it from shock and vibration and it should be kept in this crate when not in use in the valve socket. When valves are kept as spares, they should be periodically used in the amplifier to ensure that they have not deteriorated over a long period.

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

ES.75

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER



HARD GLASS BULB

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

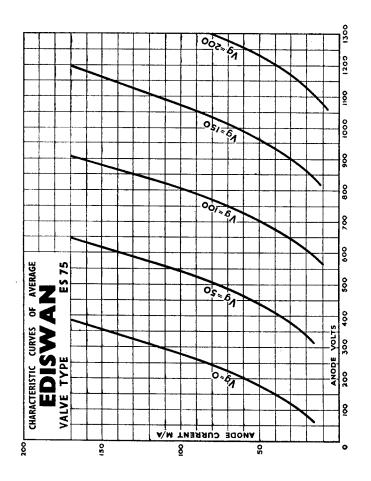
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FS: 75

£5.15

EDISWAN ES.75

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER



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RADIO DIVISION

ssue 1/5

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

ES.75.H

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER

GENERAL

The ES.75.H. is a power valve for use in public address equipment and large power amplifiers in general. It has a thoriated tungsten filament and the anode is of graphite, giving greater heat dissipating-properties and constancy of characteristic.

		1
Filament Voltage (volts)	Vr	10.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	4.2
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Wa	75
Maximum Anode Voltage	$v_{a(max)}$	1,000
Amplification Factor	μ	11
Anode A.C. Resistance (ohms) (approx.)	ra	3,200
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	em	3.4
Maximum Operating Frequency		2 Mc/8
	•	
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		202
Maximum Diameter (mm)		57
,		į.

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RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

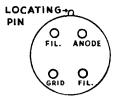
FS. 75.4

ES.75.H

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER

BASE Jumbo .

£5.75.H



Viewed from free end of pins.

APPLICATION

The rated value of 75 watts dissipation should never be exceeded. Owing to the small bulb and the special heat-resisting glass employed, the bulb becomes hot during normal operation and it should be mounted in an open well ventilated position. It is advisable to mount the valve in a vertical position with the base downwards, but if this is not desirable the filement should be in the vertical plane when the valve is mounted horizontally.

The filament may be supplied from alternating current and the anode and grid return leads should be taken to the centre tap of the filament transformer. If direct current is used for the filament, the return should be to the positive lead. When the values are operated in parallel or push-pull, a small choke coil or low resistance should be connected in the grid circuit of each value to prevent oscillation.

NOTE

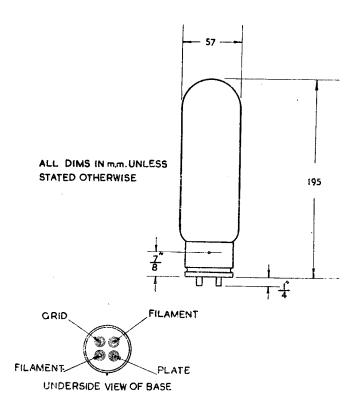
The valve is supplied in a special wooden carrying crate to protect it from shock and vibration and it should be kept in this crate when not in use in the valve socket. When valves are kept as spares, they should be periodically used in the amplifier to ensure that they have not deteriorated over a long period.

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

ES.75.H

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER



HARD GLASS BULB

September 1948

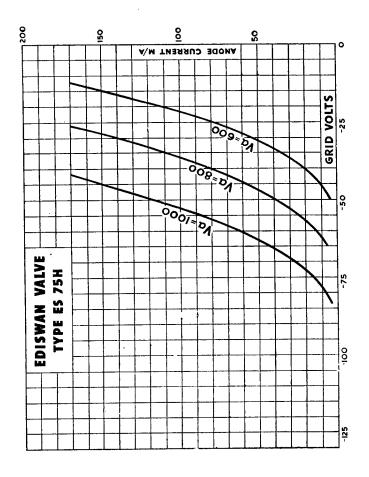
RADIO DIVISION

issue 1/5

ES. 75.44

£5.75.H

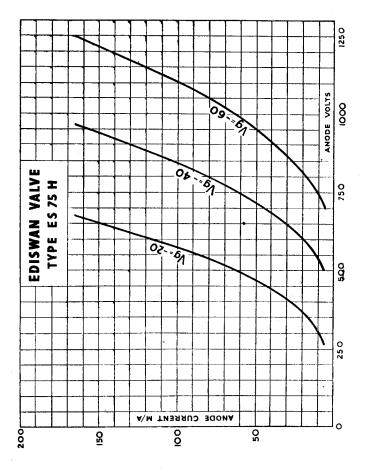
EDISWAN ES.75.H TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER



September 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ES.75.H

TRIODE POWER AMPLIFIER



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RADIO DIVISION

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ES. 75.H

ES.250.M

POWER AMPLIFIER TRIODE

GENERAL

£5.250.M

The ES.250.M is a high power amplifying valve with a Thoriated Tungsten filament. The construction is very robust and the special hard glass envelope ensures freedom from electrolysis and enables the vacuum to be maintained without deterioration throughout life. The anode is of molybdenum, giving remarkable constancy of characteristic and free radiation of heat. The valve is also suitable for use as an oscillator.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	$v_{\mathbf{f}}$	11.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	4.0
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	$v_{a(max)}$	2,000
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Wa(max)	250
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	g_{m}	9 3.3
Amplification Factor	μ	4 15
Anode Impedance (ohms)	r_a	4,000
Maximum Filament Emission (amps)	Fem(max)	4.0

q Taken at $V_a = 2,000v$; $I_a = 125mA$.

DIMENSIONS

	Maximum Overall Length (mm)	370
	Maximum Diameter (mm)	110
ĺ	Approximate Nett Weight (1bs)	12
	Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	7
	Approximate Packed Export Weight (lbs)	7 }

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

ES.250.M

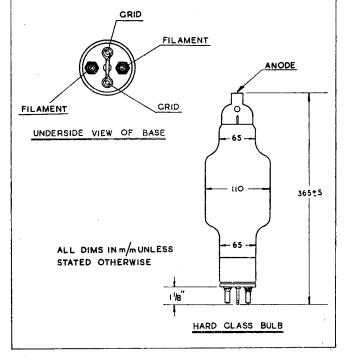
POWER AMPLIFIER TRIODE

APPLICATION

The valve is particularly suitable for use in the output stage of large audio-frequency amplifiers and is capable of supplying up to 30 watts of audio power to the reproducing system. As an oscillator or high frequency amplifier, it is suitable for working at frequencies up to 20 megacycles, although at the latter frequency the anode dissipation should not exceed 200 watts. It is desirable to state the working frequency when ordering this valve.

NOTE

The valve is supplied in a wooden crate to ensure safety in transit. This crate should be kept intact, and the valve should be stored in it when not actually required for use.



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RADIO DIVISION

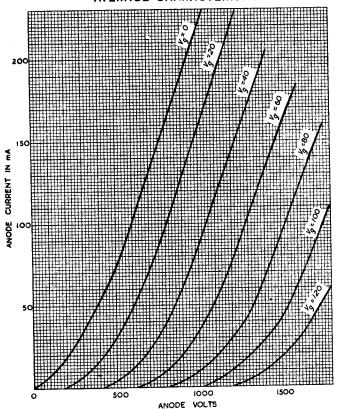
Issue 1/5

Es. 250.4

£5.250.M

EDISWAN ES.250.M POWER AMPLIFIER TRIODE





August 1948

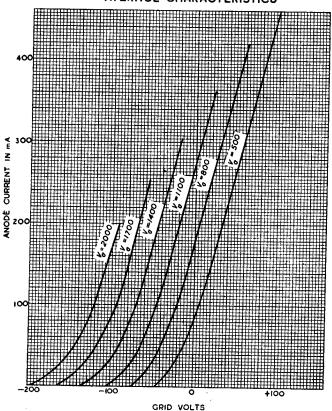
RADIO DIVISION

ES.250.M

POWER AMPLIFIER TRIODE

FS. 250.4





August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ES.450.X

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE

GENERAL

ES. 450.7

The ES.450.X is a transmitting type triode with a pure tungsten filament. It is particularly suitable for use as an R.F. Oscillator in small R.F. heating equipments.

PATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	٧f		18.0
Filament Current (amps)	If		5.15
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	$v_{a(max)}$		5,000
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Wa(max)		450
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	$\mathbf{g}_{\mathbf{m}}$	*	1.5
Amplification Factor	'n	*	30
Anode Impedance (ohms)	. Va	*	20,000
Maximum operating frequency at full rating.			1 Mc/s

* Taken at $V_a = 2,000$. $V_g = 0$.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	330
Maximum Diameter (nm)	160
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	22.0
Approximate Home Packed Weight (1bs)	8.0
Approximate Export Packed Weight (1bs)	8.5

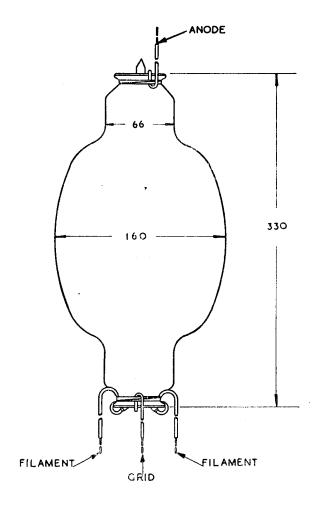
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical.

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

ES.450.X

RADIATION COOLED TRIODE



August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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ES. 450.+

ESG.250

POWER TETRODE

RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts)	Vf	11.25
Filament Current (amps)	If	8.0
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	Va(max)	5,000
Maximum Screen Voltage (volts)	Vg2(max)	1,000
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Wa(max)	250
Maximum Screen Dissipation (watts)	Wg2(max)	100
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	g _m	‡ 1. 0
Amplification Factor	μ	‡ 100
‡ V _a = 3,000v; V _{g2} = 600v; V _{g1} = -40v.		
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES		
Anode - Filament (µµF)	Ca - f	0.7
Anode - Grid 1 (ppF)	Ca - gl	1.2
Grid 1 - Filament (µµF)	Cgl - f	6.4
<u>DIMENSIONS</u>		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		395
Maximum Diameter (mm)		160
Approximate Nett Weight (lbs)		. 2
Approximate Packed Weight (1b	s)	7월
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertica	1	

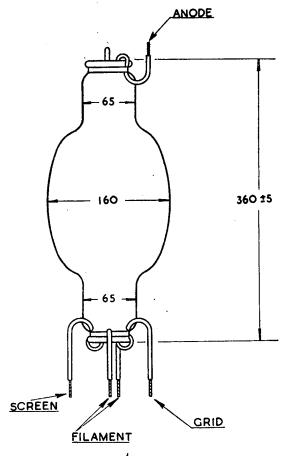
£50.250

August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ESG.250

POWER TETRODE

E.S.G. 250



ALL DIMS IN m/m UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

tsG.250

ESU.75

HAIF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

ksv.15

When the rectifier is first placed in service the filament should be operated at normal voltage for 15 minutes without anode voltage in order to obtain correct distribution of the mercury. Care must be taken in installation to ensure free circulation of air around the bulb in order that the temperature limits are not exceeded.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	Vſ	2.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	10.0
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	7,000
Maximum Average Anode Current (amps)	Ia(max)	0.2
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)max	0.9
Ambient Temperature Range (°C)	10 - 50	
Cathode Heating Delay Time (secs) 15.0	

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	185
Maximum Diameter (mm)	7 8
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	4
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	6 ≩
Approximate Packed Export Weight (1bs.)	2

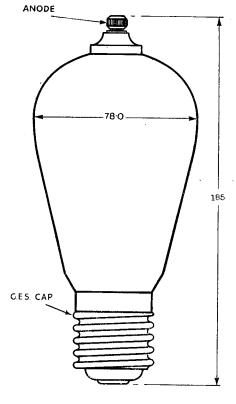
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

ESU.75

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



ALL DIMENSIONS IN M.M.

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

FSU. 75

ESU.150

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

£5U.150

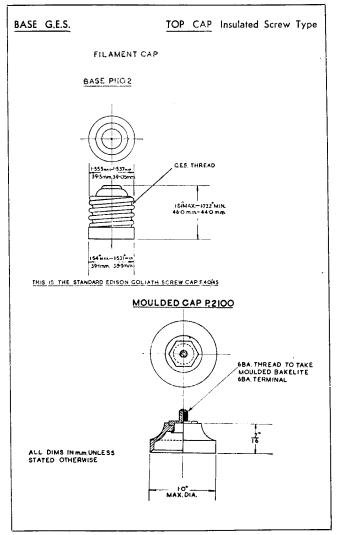
Hot Cathode Half-Wave Rectifier. Care must be taken in installation to ensure free circulation of air around the bulb in order that the temperature limits are not exceeded. When the rectifier is first placed in service, the filament should be operated at normal voltage for 15 minutes without anode voltage in order to obtain correct distribution of the mercury.

RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts)	Vſ	4.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	10.0
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max	10,000
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)max	1.8
Maximum Average Anode Current (mA)	I _{a(av)}	350
Ambient Temperature Range		10°-50° C
Cathode Heating Delay Time (secs)		60
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		200
Maximum Diameter (mm)		57
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	•	4
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		5
Approximate Packed Export Weight	t (1bs.)	્ 3ફ્રે
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical		

August 1948 RADIO DIVISION Issue 1/5
THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

ESU.150

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



August 1948

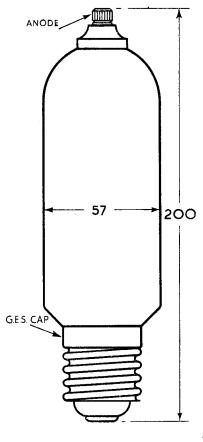
RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

E30.150

EDISWAN ESU.150

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



ALL DIMENSIONS IN M.M.

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

ESU.206

HIGH VACUUM HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER

RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts)	$v_{\mathbf{f}}$	11.5
Filament Current (amps)	If	5.0
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.	10,000
Maximum Mean Anode Current (mA)	Ia(av)max	100
DIMENSIONS Maximum Overall Length (mm)		260
Maximum Diameter (mm)		102
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		9
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs	3)	5
Approximate Packed Export Weight (lbs)		5 1
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical		
^		

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

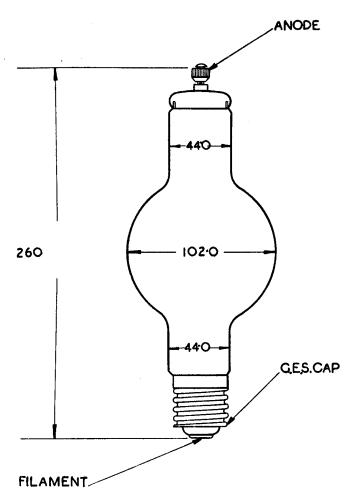
Issue 1/5

FSU. 200

£5U.206

EDISWAN

ESU.206
HIGH VACUUM HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER



HARD GLASS BULB

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

leena 1/5

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

ESU.303

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

The ESU.303 is a hot cathode half-wave mercury vapour rectifier. Care must be taken in installation to ensure free circulation of air around the bulb in order that the temperature limits are not exceeded.

When the rectifier is first placed in service the filament should be operated at normal voltage for 15 minutes without anode voltage in order to obtain correct distribution of mercury.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	vf	4.0
Filament Current (amps)	I _f	12.5
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	14,000
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)max	3.0
Maximum Average Anode Current (amps)	Ia(av)	0.75
Ambient Temperature Range		10 -4 0°C
Cathode Heating Delay Time (secs)	t	60

DIMENSIONS	
Maximum Overall Length (mm)	285
Maximum Diameter (mm)	64
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	12
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	4.0
Approximate Packed Export Weight (1bs)	41

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

October 1948

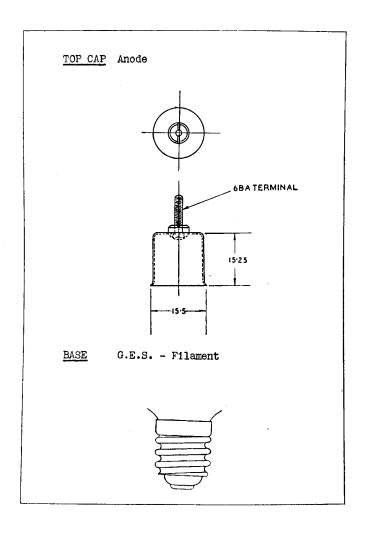
RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

FSU.303

ESU.303

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



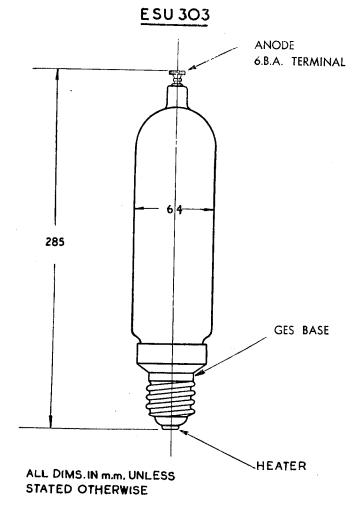
October 1948

ksU.303

RADIO DIVISION

ESU.303

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

FSU.303

ESU.400

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

TENTATIVE

RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts)	Vf	5.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	12.5
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	I _{a(pk)}	6.0
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	14,000
Approximate Voltage Drop (volts)	v _{ir}	10.0
Filament Heating Time (secs)		60
Ambient Temperature (C°)		20 60
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		250
Maximum Diameter (mm)		78
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		10}
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	4
Approximate Packed Export Weigh	ht (lbs)	4 분
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical		
PASE - Jumbo		
SPECIAL NOTE		
When the rectifier is first plifilament should be operated at minutes without the anode voltathe mercury anode to be correct	Normal Voltag age. This wil	e for 15 1 enable

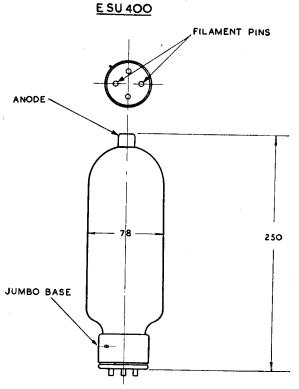
ESU.400

August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ESU.400

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

TENTATIVE



ALL DIMS IN mm.UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

ESU. 400

ESU.450

HIGH VACUUM HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER

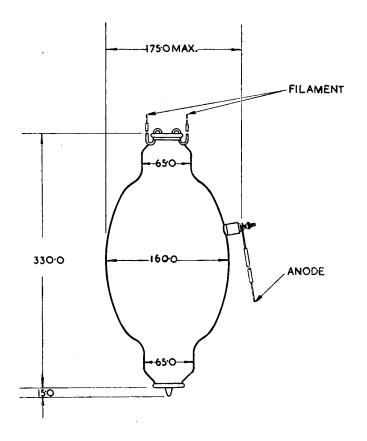
RATING		
Filament Voltage (volts)	v _f	17.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	6.6
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	Va(max)	1,000
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	20,000
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)max	0.4
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Pa(max)	450
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		345
Maximum Diameter (mm)		160
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		18
Approximate Packed Weight (1b	Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)	
Approximate Packed Export Weight (1bs)		9
·		
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertica	ĺ	
		ļ

ESU. 450

October 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ESU.450

HIGH VACUUM HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER



ALL DIMS, IN m.m. UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

ESU. 450

ESU.751

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

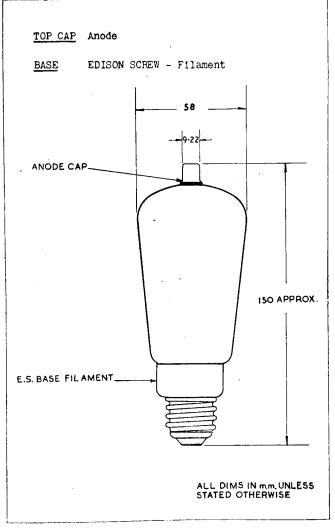
2.0
10.0
V.(max) 5,000
k) 0.9
15.0
10-50
150
58
3 1
6
bs) 2
lons.

ESU 151

October 1948 RADIO DIVISION

ESU.751

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

FSU. 75,

MR.15

GRID CONTROLLED MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

MR.15

When this rectifier is first placed in service the filament should be operated at normal voltage for 15 minutes without the anode voltage in order to obtain correct distribution of the mercury.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts) Filament Current (amps) Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage	V _f I _f	4.0 15.0
(volts) Maximum Peak Anode Current	P.I.V.(max)	20,000
(amps) Control Ratio (approx.) Ambient Temperature Range °C Cathode heating delay time	Ia(pk)max	15 90 10 40
(secs)		60

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overal Maximum Diamete		440 150
Approximate Net	t Weight (oz)	18
	eked Weight (1b) eked Export Weight (1b)	9

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

BASE G.E.S.

SPECIAL NOTE

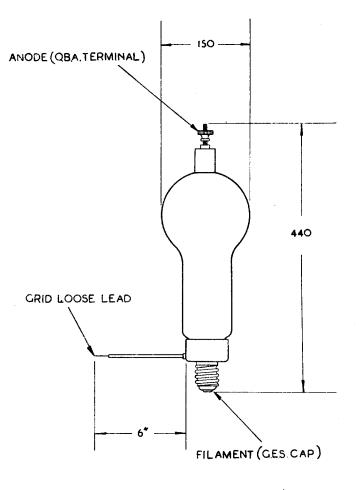
The grid is connected by means of an insulated loose flexible lead through the base.

November 1948

RADIO DIVISION

MR.15

GRID CONTROLLED MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



ALL DIMS. IN m.m. UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

November 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/5

MP. 15

MR.304

GRID CONTROLLED MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

MR.30A

Hot Cathode Half-Wave Grid Controlled Rectifier. Care must be taken in installation to ensure free circulation of air around the bulb in order that the temperature limits are not exceeded.

When the rectifier is first placed in service the filament should be operated at normal voltage for 15 minutes without anode voltage in order to obtain correct distribution of the mercury. The rectifier should be mounted vertically.

RATING

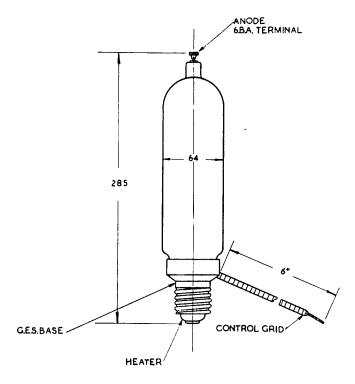
VALING		
Filament Voltage (volts)	$v_{\mathtt{f}}$	4.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	12.5
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (kV)	P.I.V.(max)	14.0
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)max	3.0
Maximum Average Anode Current (amps)	Ia(av)max	0.75
Control Ratio		500
Ambient Heating Delay Time (secs)		6C
Ambient Temperature Range	•C	10-40
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		2 85
Maximum Overall Diameter (mm)		64

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

MR.304

GRID CONTROLLED MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER



ALL DIMS, IN m.m. UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

MR. 304

MU.25

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

MU.25

This is an indirectly heated oxide coated cathode half-wave rectifier. Care should be taken in installation to ensure free circulation of air around bulb in order that the temperature limits are not exceeded. When the mercury vapour rectifier is first placed into service, the cathode should be operated at normal voltage for 15 minutes, without anode voltage in order to obtain correct distribution of the mercury.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	Vf	4.0
Filament Current (amps)	Ιf	28 0
Maximum Peak Inverse Anode Voltage (volts)	P.I.V (max)	500
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)max	100
Maximum Average Anode Current (amps)	Ia(av)max	25
Ambient Temperature Range		10° -40°C
Cathode Heating Delay Time (mins)	t	5.0
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		395
Maximum Diameter (mm)		110
Approximate Nett Weight (1bs)		12
Approximate Packed Weight (1bs)		8
Approximate Packed Export Weight	t (lbs)	8월
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical		ļ

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

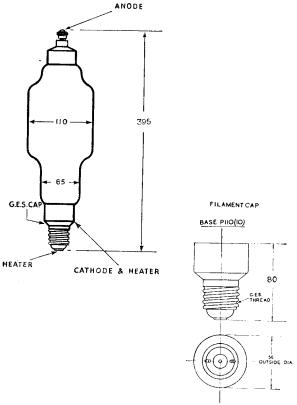
MU.25

HALF-WAVE MERCURY VAPOUR RECTIFIER

BASE G.E.S.

TOP CAP Screw.

40.25



ALL DIMS IN m.m.UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

U.235

FULL WAVE GAS DISCHARGE RECTIFIER

GENERAL

V.235

Type U.235 is a full wave gas discharge rectifier suitable for use in low voltage charging circuits.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	V _f	2.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	3.5
D.C. Output	20 volts	2 amps

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (including Pins) (mm)	110
Maximum Diameter (mm)	45
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	11
Approximate Home Packed Weight (ozs)	2₺
Approximate Export Packed Weight (ozs)	4

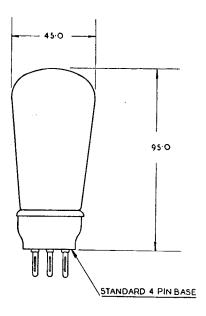
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

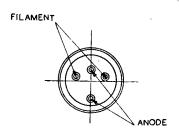
December 1948 RADIO DIVISION

U.235

FULL WAVE GAS DISCHARGE RECTIFIER

U.235





ALL DIMS IN m.m. UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE

December 1948

RADIO DIVISION

issue 1/5

U.235

46.5

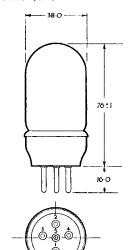
NE.5 NEON

GENERAL

This meon tube is particularly suitable for the operation of small relays in automatic timing circuits, etc. Connections are made to the Anode and Cathode pins i.e. Pins Nos. 1 & 5. Care must be taken to ensure that the Anode pin is always connected to the positive side of circuit.

RATING

Approximate Striking Voltage (volts) 210 Approximate Extinguishing Voltage (volts) 110 Maximum Mean Current (mA) 20



NOTE: No resistance in base.

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

68506

HALF-WAVE TUNGAR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

Type 68506 is a Hot Cathode Gas Discharge Half-Wave Rectifier designed for use in low voltage battery charging circuits.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	$v_{\mathbf{f}}$	2.3
Filament Current (amps)	If	18.0
Striking Voltage (volts)	Vs	15.0
Anode to Cathode Voltage drop (volts)		10.0
D.C. Output	75 volts	6 amps.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	170
Maximum Overall Diameter (mm)	80
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	4.0
Approximate Home Packed Weight (ozs)	8.0
Approximate Export Packed Weight (ozs)	12.0

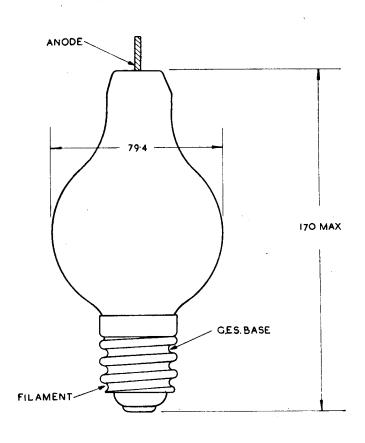
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

BASE G.E.S. - Filament

TOP CAP Loose lead - Anode.

6850g

HALF-WAVE TUNGAR RECTIFIER



6850b

August 1948 RADIO DIVISION

68510

HALF-WAVE TUNGAR RECTIFIER

GENERAL

Type 68510 is a Hot Gas Discharge Half-Wave Rectifier designed for use in low voltage battery charging equipment.

RATING

Filament Voltage (volts)	v _f	2.0
Filament Current (amps)	If	12.0
Striking Voltage (volts)	$V_{\mathtt{S}}$	15.0
Anode to Cathode Voltage drop (volts)		10.0
D.C. Output	50 voits	2 amps
	75 volts	1.5 amps

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	105
Maximum Overall Diameter (mm)	51
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	28
Approximate Home Packed Weight (ozs)	42
Approximate Export Packed Weight (ozs)	6

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

December 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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68510

68510

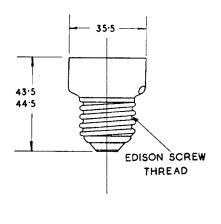
HALF-WAVE TUNGAR RECTIFIER

BASE G.E.S. - Filament

LOOSE LEAD Anode

68510

BASE PIIO (25) 68510 FILAMENT AND ANODE CAP



December 1948

RADIO DIVISION

SPECIAL PURPOSE VALVES

I.D.13

BATTERY R.F. DIODE

Indirectly heated

RATING		
Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	1.4
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	0.15
Maximum Anode Voltage (RMS).	Va(max)	130
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (volts)	P.I.V.(max)	365
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	Ia(pk)max	5.0
Maximum Mean Anode Current (mA)	Ia(av)max	0.5
Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode (volts D.C.)	Vh-k(max)	100
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES •		
Anode/Cathode (ppF)	$c_{\mathbf{a}-\mathbf{k}}$	0.6
Anode/Heater (µµF)	Ca-h	1.05
Heater/Cathode (ppF)	c _{k-h}	0.7
With no external shield		
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		54
Maximum Diameter (mm)		19
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.		
NOTE The Resonant frequency of this 1,000 Mc/s. with no external s	valve is approx	imately

October 1948

10.13

RADIO DIVISION

I.D.13

BATTERY R.F. DIODE Indirectly heated

TYPICAL OPERATION (with Condenser Input Filter)

Anode Voltage (volts R.M.S)

117

1.0.13

Filter Input Condenser (µF)

2.0

Minimum Total Effective Anode/Supply Impedance (ohms)

0

BULB Clear

BASE B.7.G.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Heater		h
Pin 2	Anode		а
Pin 3	Cathod e		k
Pin 4	-		-
Pin 5	Internal Connexion	•	1.c
Pin 6	Anode		а
Pin 7	Heater		h

• This pin must be left free.

October 1948

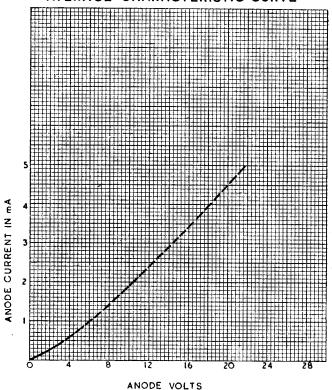
RADIO DIVISION

10.13

M A Z D A

BATTERY R.F. DIODE Indirectly heated

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVE



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Jeans 1/6

6.F.32

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated—for parallel operation

GENERAL

The 6.F.32 has a short cut off Suppressor Grid characteristic which makes it particularly suitable for use in Modulator, Variable Reactance and Timing Circuits.

RATING

Maximum Screen Voltage (volts) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Inner µ ¶ Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts) Maximum Screen Dissipation (watts)	Th Va(max) Vg2(max) Sm Pg1-µg2 Pa(max) Pg2(max)	0.63 250 200 * 3.35 * 38 † 4.5 1.5
	Pg2(max) Vh-k(max)	1.5 150

• Taken at $V_a = V_{g2} = 200v$; $V_{g1} = -4v$; $V_{g3} = 0v$.

q 1.e.
$$\frac{\delta v_{g2}}{\delta v_{g1}}$$
 with I_g constant

Low grid resistance should be employed, the particularly when running at maximum dissipation.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Earth (ppF) Anode/Control Grid (ppF) Control: Grid/Earth (ppF)	cout ca-gl cin	5.7 < 0.0005 10.5
----------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------	-------------------------

"Earth" denotes the remaining earthy potential electrodes, heater and metallising joined to cathode.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	96
Maximum Diameter (mm)	32
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	83.5
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	11
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted

May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/6

د. _ک. ع

6.F.32

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated - for parallel operation

TYPICAL OPERATION

6.4.3²

Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Control Grid Bias	$\overset{\cdot}{v_a}_{v_{g2}}$	200 200	200 200
Voltage (volts) Suppressor Grid Bias	$v_{\tt gl}$	-4.5	-4.5
Voltage (volts) Anode Current (mA) Screen Current (mA) Mutual Conductance Approximate Suppressor Grid	V _E 3 Ia Ig2 Em	0 5.1 3.45 3.0	
Bias (volts) for 50 µA/V with Vgl = -4.5v		-8.0	-8.0

with $V_{g1} = -4.5v$

BULB Metallised

BASE B.O.7



Viewed from free ends of pins

CAP B.V.A. Standard

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3 Pin 4 Pin 5 Pin 6 Pin 7	Heater Cathode Anode Screen Grid Suppressor Grid Metallising Omitted	k a g2 g3 M
	Omitted	_
Pin 8	Heater	h
Top Cap	Control Grid	g1

May 1948

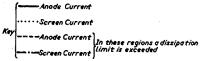
RADIO DIVISION

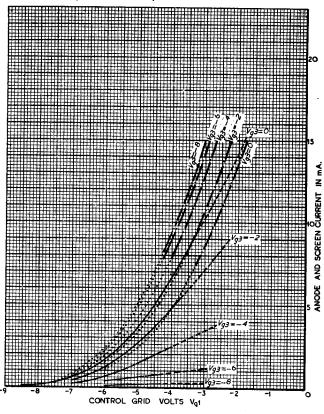
6.F.32

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F32

Curves taken at 1/2" 162" 2001





May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/6

6. K 32

6.F.32

MAZDA

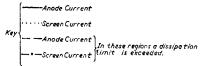
6.F.32

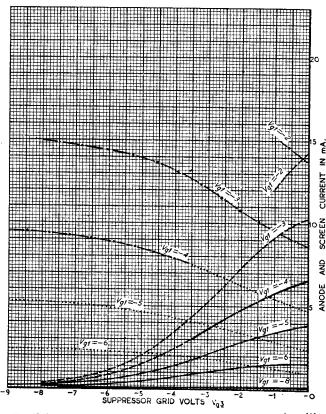
SCREENED R.F. PENTODE

Indirectly heated – for parallel operation CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE

MAZDA VALVE 6F32

Curves taken at 1/2=200V





May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

issue 1/6

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

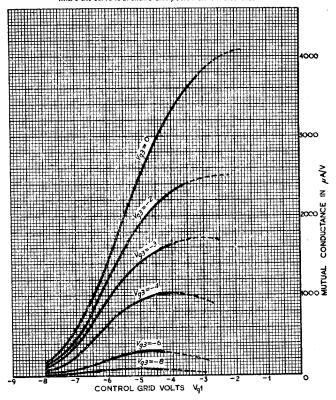
6.F.32

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F32

Curves taken at Va=Va2=200V.

Where the curve is broken a dissipation limit is exceeded.



May 1948

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6. F. 32

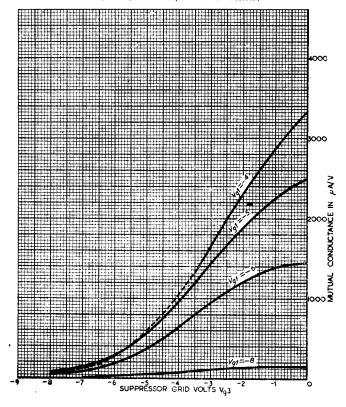
6.F.32

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE
Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F32

Curves taken at 16=162=2001.

Where the curve is broken a dissipation limit is exceeded



May 1948

6.K.32

RADIO DIVISION

6.F.33

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE. Indirectly heated

GENERAL

The 6.F.33 has a short cut-off Suppressor Grid characteristic which makes it particularly suitable for use in Modulator, Variable Reactance and Timing Circuits. In order that the Suppressor Grid may be driven positive, a diode has been tied to this grid.

RATING

Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	6.3
Heater Current (amps)	In	0.35
Maximum Anode Voltage (volta)	****	250
Maximum Screen Voltage (volts)	Va(max) Vg2(max)	250
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	gm (max)	* 4.35
Inner u b		* 38
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	µglg2 Pa(max)	2.5
	Pa(max)	
Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode (volts DC)	Pg2 Vh-k(max)	100
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· II—K (IIIa.K)	100

* Taken at
$$V_a$$
 = 200 v; V_{g2} = 100 v; V_{g1} = -1.5 v; V_{g3} = 0 v.

is i.e.
$$\frac{\delta V_{g2}}{\delta V_{g1}}$$
 with I_a constant

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

			,
Anode/Earth (ppF) Anode/Control Grid (ppF) Control Grid/Earth (ppF)	cout ca-gl cin	4.5 0.01 7.3	0.012 8.5

- † Measured with Benjamin cylindrical screen type 75/832, but holder capacity balanced out.
- Including capacity of Benjamin B7G holder type 75/832 and screen type 75/832.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	54
Maximum Diameter (mm)	าั๋ง
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	48.6
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	1
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	į

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted

ه. ک[.] کې

6.4.33

MAZDA

6.F.33

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated

BULB Clear

BASE B.7.G.

3, 4, 5 2° °6 1° 7

Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

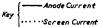
FIII I	Control Grid	gl
Pin 2	Cathode	k
Pin 3	Heater	h
Pin 4	Heater	h
Pin 5	Anode	а
Pin 6	Suppressor Grid	gЗ
Pin 7	Screen Grid	g2

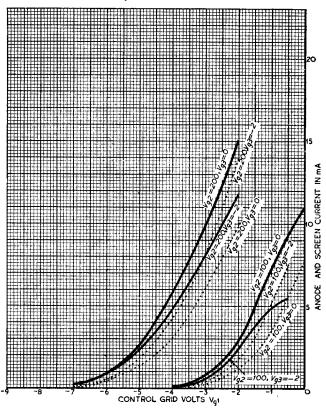
6.F.33

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F33

Curves taken at Va = 200V.





May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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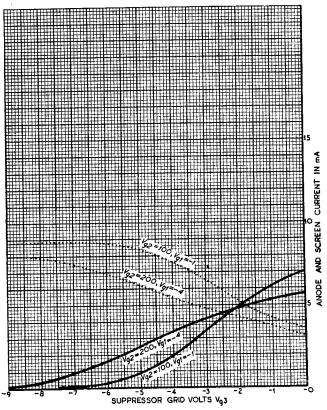
6. K. 3.3

6.4.3³ MAZDA

6.F.33

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE 6F33 MAZDA VALVE



May 1948

RADIO DIVISION

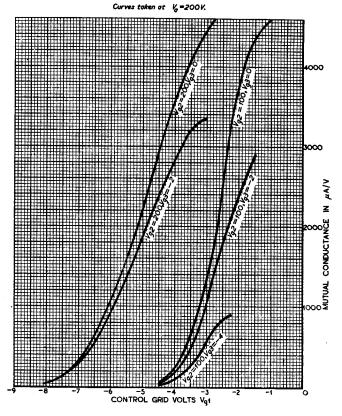
Issue 1/6

THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

6.F.33

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F33



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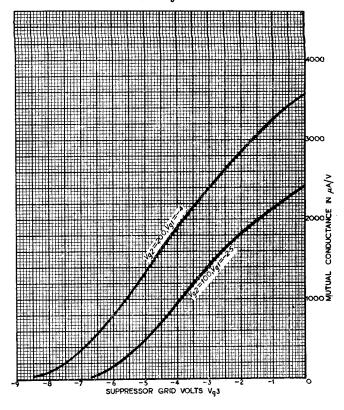
O. F. 33

6.F.33

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES OF AVERAGE MAZDA VALVE 6F33

Curves taken at V = 200V



May 1948

6.4.3³

RADIO DIVISION

11.E.2

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER Indirectly heated – for Pulse Amplification

RATING

Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Peak Anode Voltage -	$\mathtt{r}_{\mathbf{h}}$	6.3 0.9
Pulse Rating (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts) Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps) Inner Max Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts) Maximum Screen Dissipation (watts)	Va(pk)max Vg2(max) Ia(pk)max Ag1,g2 Wa(max) Wg2(max)	12,500 550 1.0 * 9.0 5.0
Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode (volts DC)	$v_{h-k(max)}$	150

* Taken at $V_a = 200v$; $V_{g2} = 200v$; $I_a = 25mA$.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Earth (µµF)	ca,all	7.5
Anode/Control Grid (ppF)	ca,gl	0.2
Control Grid/Earth (ppF)	cgl,all	15.5

"Earth" denotes the remaining earthy potential electrodes, heater joined to cathode.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm)	86 32
Maximum Radius over Side Cap (mm)	25
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	73
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	1 <u>1</u>
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	4

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

NOTE

This valve is intended for use in break modulators but it can be employed in a series modulation with a standoff voltage of 3,000 volts.

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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11.6.2

11.6.2 MAZDA

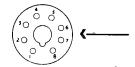
11.E.2

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER Indirectly heated - for Pulse Amplification

CAP American Miniature

BULB Clear

BASE I.0.8.



Viewed from free end of pins.

Indicates position of side cap.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Blank	-
Pin 2	Heater	h
Pin 3	Blank	-
Pin 4	Screen Grid	g2
Pin 5	Control Grid	gl
Pin 6	Blank	-
Pin 7	Heater	h
Pin 8	Cathode	k
Side Cap	Anode	а

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

11.E.3

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER Indirectly heated – for Pulse Amplification

RATING		i
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps)	V _h I _h	4.2 2.5
Maximum Anode Voltage as Series Modulator (volts DC) Maximum Peak Anode Voltage as	Va(max)	3,500
Break Modulator (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts)	Va(pk)max Vg2(max)	12,500 700
Maximum, Control Grid Negative Bias (volts-ve) Maximum Peak Cathode Current (amps)	Vgl(max.) Ik(pk)max	-700 † 3.5
Inner µ Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	ugl-g2 Wa(max)	\$ 9.0 10.0
Maximum Screen Dissipation as Series Modulator (watts) Maximum Screen Dissipation as	₩g2(max)Series	0.9
Break Modulator (watts) Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode	Wg2(max)Break	2.0
(volts DC)	Vh-k(max)	150
t Taken under Pulse Conditions		

- 10 micro-seconds duration and 400:1 minimum off-on ratio.
- : Taken at $V_a = 200$; $V_{g2} = 200$; $I_a = 40$ mA.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Earth (puF) Anode/Control Grid (puF)	$c_{ ext{out}}_{ ext{Ca-gl}}$	7.5 0.26
Control Grid/Earth (ppF)	Cin	20

"Earth" denotes the remaining earthy potential electrodes and heater joined to cathode.

DIMENSIONS

	1
Maximum Overall Length (mm)	140
Maximum Diameter (mm)	54
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	125
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	125 2 1
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	7

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

NOTE

This valve is intended for use as a break or series modulator with a short duration pulse input signal. When the equipment may be subjected to reduced atmospheric pressures the peak voltage between the control grid and Screen grid should not exceed 1,200 volts.

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/6

11.E.3

11.E.3

BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER Indirectly heated - for Pulse Amplification

TYPICAL OPERATION		Series Modulator	Break Modulator
Quiescent Anode Voltage (volts) Screen Voltage (volts) Signal Voltage Positive	Va(o) Vg2	3,500 500	500 500
(volts)	_	50	25
Peak Anode Current (amps) Approximate Knee Voltage	Ia(pk)	2	1
(volts)		200	
Peak Anode Output Voltage (volts)		3,300	10,000
Approximate Peak Grid Current (amps)	Igl(pk)	0.12	0.05

CAP BVA Standard

BULB Clear

11.6.3

BASE British 7 Pin.



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Fin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3 Pin 4 Pin 5 Pin 6 Pin 7 Top Cap	Blank Control Grid Blank Heater Heater Cathode Screen Grid Anode	gl h h k g2 a
------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------

September 1948 RADIO DIVISION

12.E.1

BEAM TETRODE

Indirectly heated - for parallel operation

TENTATIVE

GENERAL

The 12.E.1 is intended for use as a series or shunt control valve in stabilised power packs.

RATING

Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Maximum Screen Voltage (volts) Maximum Control Grid Voltage Maximum Voltage between	Vh Ih Va(max) Vg2(max) Vg1(max)	6.3 1.6 800 300 100
gl and g2 (volts) Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts) Maximum Screen Dissipation (watts) Maximum Cathode Current (mA) Maximum Potential Heater/Cathode	Vg1-g2 Sm Pa Pg2 I _{k(max)}	400 • 14 35 5.0 300
(volts DC)	V _{h-k(max)} t (300

- Taken at $V_a = V_{g2} = 150_V I_a = 200 \text{ mA}$.
- [Provided the cathode is positive.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Grid/Earth (ppF) Anode/Earth (ppF) Anode/Grid (ppF)	cin	23.0
Anode/Earth (DDF)	^c out	8.3
Anode/Grid (uuF)	calgi	1.3

"Earth" denotes the remaining earthy potential electrodes and heater joined to cathode.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	150
Maximum Diameter (mm)	54
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	136
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	2 }
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	7

MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical

If run horizontally then the axis AB must be on a horizontal plane.

August 1948

12.6.1

12.E.1

BEAM TETRODE Indirectly heated—for parallel operation

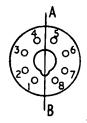
TENTATIVE

BULB Clear

12.6.1

TOP CAP American miniature

BASE International Octal (IO8)



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	-	-
Pin 2	Heater	'n
Pin 3	wa .	-
Pin 4	Screen Grid	g 2
Pin 5	Control Grid	द1
Pin 6	-	-
Pin 7	Heater	h
Pin 8	Cathode	k
Top Cap	Anode	a

August 1948

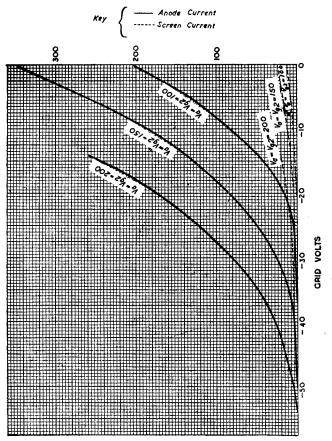
RADIO DIVISION

12.E.1

BEAM TETRODE

Indirectly heated - for parallel operation

TENTATIVE AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



ANODE AND SCREEN CURRENTS IN mA

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/6

12.E.,

72.E.1

MAZDA

12.E.1

BEAM TETRODE

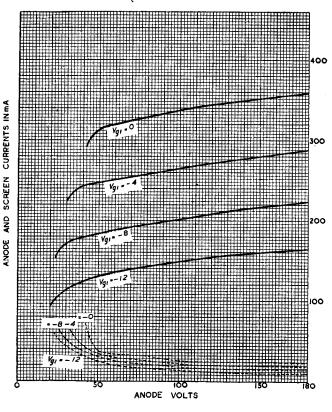
Indirectly heated - for parallel operation

TENTATIVE AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

Curves taken at Vg2 = 150v.

Key
--- Screen Current

--- Screen Current



August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

19.E.2

HIGH VACUUM DIODE Indirectly heated – for pulse operation

RATING:		
Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	4.0
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	2.1
Short pulse maximum peak inverse voltage (Ky)	P.I.V.	4.0
Fault pulse maximum peak inverse voltage (K _V) †§	P.I.V.	5.5
Maximum Peak Anode Current (amps)	Ia(pk)	12
Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Pa :	5.0
Maximum Bulb Temperature (C°)	:	150
<pre>\$ For maximum period of 50 m/ † Pulse length 1 microsec and rate 1,200 per second.</pre>		
All maximum ratings are abs	olute values,	
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)	1	100
Maximum Diameter (mm)		32
Maximum Seated Height (mm)		87
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)		14
Approximáte Packed Weight (ozs)		3 1
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical		

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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19.F.2

19.E.2

HIGH VACUUM DIODE Indirectly heated – for pulse operation

TYPICAL OPERATION

19 E 2

Peak Anode Current (amps) $I_{a(pk)}$ 12.0 Anode Dissipation (watts) P_a 3.5 Approximate D.C. Resistance at 12 amps peak current (ohms) Ω 39.0

BULB Clear

BASE International Octal (IO8)



Viewed from free end of pins.

Blank pins in socket to be left free.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	-	-
Pin 2	Heater	h
Pin 3	-	Ξ
Pin 4		
Pin 5	-	_
Pin 6	-	_
Pin 7	Heater	h
Pin 8	-	-
Top Cap	Anode	a

NOTE

The heater must be switched on for 30 seconds before the anode voltage is applied.

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

19.G.3

HIGH VACUUM HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated

RATING ¶		1,500 c.p.s	<u>50</u> c.p.s.
Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Peak Inverse	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{h}}^{\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{h}}}$	* 4.0 1.4	• 4.0 1.4
Voltage-No Load (volts) Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage-On Load	P.I.V	.(max) _o 7,500	7,000
(volts) Maximum Mean Current	P.I.V	.(max) 6,500	6,300
(mA) Maximum Peak Current	I_{av}	75	50
(mA) Minimum Surge Limiting	I_{pk}	375	375
Resistance (ohms)		[1,800	[1,900

- The Heater must be switched on for 15 seconds before the Anode Voltage is applied.
- [This resistance may be obtained in the distributed resistance of the transformer.
- ¶ All Maximum Ratings are absolute values not design centres.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	100	
Maximum Diameter (mm)	32	
Maximum Bulb Diameter (mm)	29	
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	87	
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	13	
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	21	
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted		

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RADIO DIVISION

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19.0°3

19.G.3

HIGH VACUUM HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated

CAP Miniature

BULB Clear

رم. د. ع

BASE International Octal (IO8)



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Blank •	
Pin 2	Heater/Cathode	hk
Pin 3	Blank •	
Pin 4	Blank •	
Pin 5	Blank •	
Pin 6	Blank •	
Pin-7	Heater	h
Pin 8	Blank •	
Top Cap	Anode	a

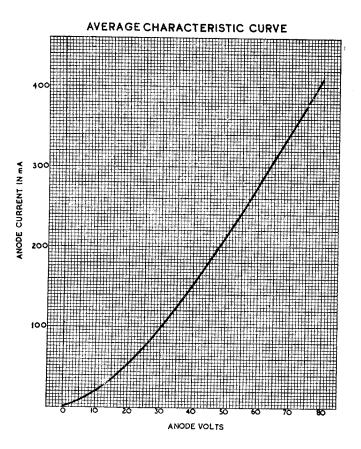
. Blank pins in Socket must be left free.

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

19.G.3

HIGH VACUUM HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER Indirectly heated



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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19.C.3

19.H.1

HIGH VOLTAGE HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER Directly heated

RATING	•		
Filament Voltage (volts)	Vf	4.0	
Filament Current (amps)	If	2.0	
Maximum D.C. Output Current (mA)	Ia(av)max	75	
Maximum Working Peak Inverse Voltage (kV)	P.I.V.(max)	15.0	
Maximum No Load Peak Inverse Voltage (kV) ‡	P.I.V.(max)	17.5	
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	Ia(pk)max	600	
Maximum Value of Reservoir Capacitor	μF	0.5	
Minimum Value of Limiting Resistor (ohms)	∽ .	2,500	
H.T. Switching Delay Period (Seconds)		10	
the maximum value of RMS working anode voltage will depend on the regulation of the transformer, and must be such that the maximum P.I.V. on no load is not exceeded.			
All Maximum Ratings are absolute values, not design centres.			
DIMENSIONS			
Maximum Overall Length (mm)	210		
Maximum Diameter (mm)	,51		
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	195		
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs) 5			
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs) 14			
MOUNTING POSITION - Vertical			

July 1948

19.14.1

RADIO DIVISION

19.H.1

HIGH VOLTAGE HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER Directly heated

BULB Clear

CAP B.V.A. Standard

BASE 4 pin



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1

Pin 2

Pin 3 Filament f

Pin 4 Filament f

Top Cap Anode A

19.4.,

19.11.1

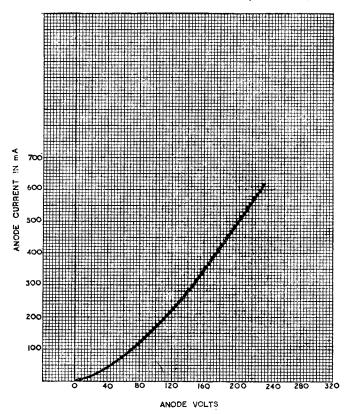
MAZDA

19.H.1

HIGH VOLTAGE HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER Directly heated

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVE

Curve taken with a short duration pulsa



July 1948

RADIO DIVISION

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THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

19.H.4

HIGH VACUUM DIODE

Directly heated - for High Voltage Power Rectification

RATING ¶	
Heater Voltage (volts)	V _h § 2.5
Heater Current (amps)	I _h 3.3
Maximum Mean Anode Current (mA)	Ia(av)max 25.0
Maximum Peak Anode Current (mA)	I _{a(pk)max} 150
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage - No Load (KV)	P.I.V. _{o.} (max) 23.0
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage - On Load (KV)	P.I.V. _{W.} (max) 20.0
Minimum Surge Limiting Resistance (ohms)	23,000

- § The Heater must be switched on for 10 seconds before the Anode Voltage is applied.
- ¶ All Maximum Ratings are absolute values, not design centres.

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	129
Maximum Diameter (mm)	40
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	116
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	2 1
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	3출

October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.

Issue 1/6

19.4

19.H.4

HIGH VACUUM DIODE

Directly heated - for High Voltage Power Rectification

CAP american Miniature Type

BULB Clear

19 H

BASE International Octal (IO8)



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	-	_
Pin 2	Heater	h
Pin 3	-	-
Pin 4		-
Pin 5		_
Pin 6	-	-
Pin 7	Heater	h
Pin 8	••	_
Top Cap	Anode	а

NOTE

All pins with the exception of No. 2 should be connected to pin No. 7 on the holder, and pin No. 7 connected to the reservoir condenser.

October 1948

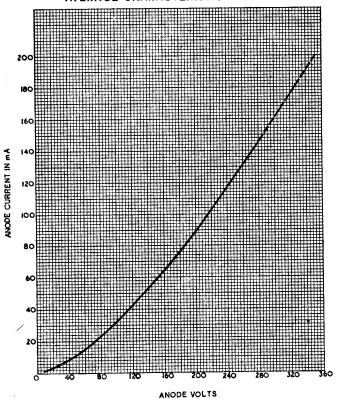
RADIO DIVISION

MAZDA 19.H.4

HIGH VACUUM DIODE

Directly heated - for High Voltage Power Rectification

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVE



October 1948

RADIO DIVISION

Issue 1/6

19.4

19.4.5

19.H.5

HIGH VACUUM DIODE

Indirectly heated-for Voltage Damping and Power Rectification

RATING ¶ Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps) Maximum Anode Dissipation (watts)	Vh ‡ Ih Pa(max)	4.0 4.0 32
As damping Diode		
Maximum Anode Current pulsing - 2 microseconds maximum (amps) Maximum Feak Inverse Voltage short pulse rating or transients (kV) Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage short	Ia(max)pulse P.I.V (max)	10 2 7
pulse rating or transients (Fault Condition) (kV) Approximate Impedance at 8 amps	•	35
Approximate Impedance at 8 amps Peak (ohms)	r_a	100
As power Rectifier or Charging Die	<u>ode</u>	
Maximum Mean Anode Current - at 4:1 Peak/Mean (choke filter) (mA) Maximum Kean Anode Current - at 8:1	Ia(max)av	180
Peak/Mean (capacity filter) (mA) Maximum R.M.S. Anode current (mA) Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage -	Ia(max)av Ia(max)r.m.s.	125 350
No load (kV)	P.I.V.(max)o	20
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage - On Load (kV)	P.I.V.(max)	18
Maximum Peak Inverse Voltage (Fault Condition) 5 seconds duration (kV) This valve is a very low imper intended for use as a charging diode in radar applications. be used as a Power Rectifier a frequencies.	g and damping It can also	30
† The Heater must be switched of before the Anode Voltage is a	n for 30 seconds pplied	
§ For a maximum period of 50 mi	lliseconds	
4 All Maximum ratings are absoldesign centres	ute values not	
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm) Maximum Diameter (mm) Approximate Nett Weight (ozs) Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)		230 62 7 18
MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted		

September 1948

RADIO DIVISION

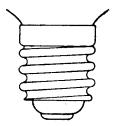
19.H.5

HIGH VACUUM DIODE

Indirectly heated-for Voltage Damping and Power Rectification

BULB Clear

BASE Goliath Ediswan Screw Cap



CONNEXIONS

Contact 1 Heater

Contact 2 Heater h

Top Cap Anode a

NOTE

The Heater is connected internally to cathode

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h

19.4.5

24.B.1

TRIGATRON

GENERAL

24.8.

A trigatron is a spark gap which operates as a switch for discharging the delay line in pulse series modulation. The instant of breakdown can be accurately controlled by means of a triggering voltage applied to a third electrode. This triggering voltage distorts the field between anode and cathode converting the sphere to sphere gap into a point to sphere gap. Accuracy of control is further improved by irradiating the gap with ultra violet light from a corona discharge.

TYPICAL OPERATION (for Linear Charging Conditions)

Repetition Frequency				
Repetition Frequency (pulses per second)	1000	1200	1500	2500
Pulse Length (micro-				
second)	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.25
Approximate Peak Pulse				
Power Output (kW)	180	150	150	150
Line and Load Impedance				
(ohms)	60	80	80	80
Main Gap Hold-off Voltage				
 Cathode to Anode 				
(kV peak)‡	-7.2	-7.2	-7.2	-7.4
Average Trigger Voltage				
(kV peak)‡	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2
Approximate D.C. Supply				
Voltage (kV) §	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1

- # With recommended circuit and an open circuit trigger voltage 8.5 kV peak with a build-up time to maximum voltage of approximately 2/3 µ Sec.
- Section Based on a peak/D.C. applied voltage ratio of 1:8. This ratio depends on the losses in the charging choke, varying between 1:8 and 2:0.

NOTE All voltages measured with respect to anode.

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.

BASE Special

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	156
Maximum Diameter (mm)	70
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	7
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	14

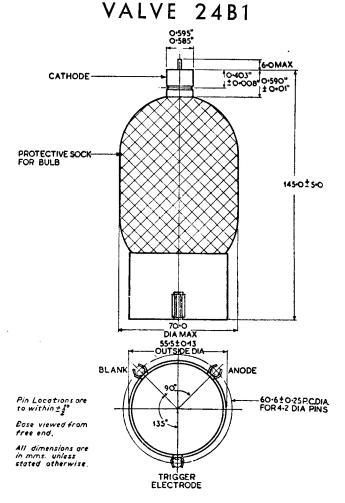
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24.B.1

TRIGATRON

OUTLINE DRAWING OF



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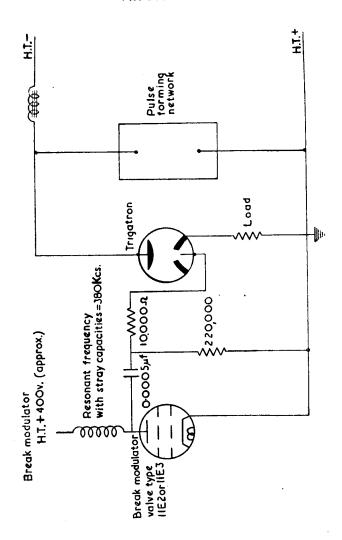
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24.8.7

24.B.1

TRIGATRON



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24.C.3

COLD CATHODE TRIGATRON

GENERAL

A trigatron is a spark gap which operates as a switch for discharging the delay line in pulse series modulation. The instant of breakdown can be accurately controlled by means of a triggering voltage applied to a third electrode. This triggering voltage distorts the field between anode and cathode converting the sphere to sphere gap into a point to sphere gap. Accuracy of control is further improved by irradiating the gap with ultra violet light from a corona discharge.

TYPICAL OPERATING

Repetition Frequency (pulses per second)	800.0
Pulse Length (uS)	1.0
Peak Pulse Power Output (kW approx.)	530.0
Line and load Impedance (ohms)	80.0
Main Gap voltage (cathode to Anode) (kV peak)	-13.3
Average Trigger Voltage (kV peak)	4.0
Approximate D.C. Supply Voltage (kV) #	7.4

- With recommended circuit and an open circuit trigger voltage 10.5 kV peak with a build-up time to maximum voltage of approximately 2/3 u Sec.
- ‡ Based on a peak/D.C. applied voltage ratio of 1:8. This ratio depends on the losses in the charging choke, varying between 1:8 and 2:0.

NOTE All voltages measured with respect to anode.

MOUNTING POSITION Unrestricted.

BASE Special.

DIMENSIONS.

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	156
Maximum Diameter (mm)	70
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	7
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	14

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5. C. 3

2^{k.C.3}

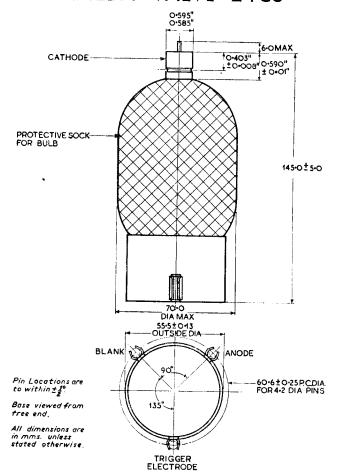
MAZDA

24.C.3

COLD CATHODE TRIGATRON

OUTLINE DRAWING OF

MAZDA VALVE 24C3



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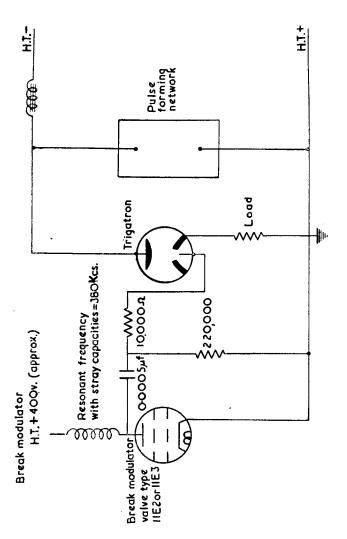
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THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC COMPANY LTD.

24.C.3

COLD CATHODE TRIGATRON



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54.C.3

4.339

MAZDA

V.339

TRIODE

Indirectly heated – for Valve Voltmeter REPLACEMENT ONLY – not for new equipment

RATING Heater Voltage (volts) Heater Current (amps)	Vh Ih	4.0 0.58 250
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts) Amplification Factor Mutual Conductance (mA/V) Anode A.C. Resistance (ohms) Maximum Potential	u gm ra	* 73 * 1.7 * 43,000
Heater/Cathode (volts DC)		150
* Taken at V _{a =} 100 v	r; Vg = 0V.	
INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES		
Anode/Earth (µyF)	cout	4.7
Anode/Control Grid (µµF)	ca,gl	3.6
Control Grid/Earth (µµF)	cin	3.6
DIMENSIONS		
Maximum Overall Length (mm)		95
Maximum Diameter (mm)		38
Maximum Seated Height (mm)		80
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs))	11
Approximate Packed Weight (or	zs)	2 1 2
MOUNTING FOSITION - Unrestr	ricted.	
NOTE		

This valve is designed for use as a Valve Voltmeter, providing a very linear scale shape. It is capable of operating with high resistance input circuits.

V.339

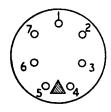
TRIODE

Indirectly heated – for Valve Voltmeter
REPLACEMENT ONLY – not for new equipment

BULB Metallised

CAP BVA Standard

BASE British 7 pin



Viewed from free end of pins.

CONNEXIONS

Pin 1	Blank	-
Pin 2	Metallizing	M
Pin 3	Blank	-
Pin 4	Heater	h
Pin 5	Heater	h
Pin 6	Cathode	k
Pin 7	Anode	а
Top Cap	Control Grid	gl

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V.339

V.453

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

GENERA	١T.

1.A53

The V.453 is a low "hum", low noise, non-microphonic valve for use in the early stages of high gain amplifiers where the "Miller" input loading must be kept at a minimum, and where the elimination of "flicker" noise is of particular importance.

RAT ING

Heater Voltage (volts)	v_h	4.0
Heater Current (amps)	Ih	0.65
Maximum Anode Voltage (volts)	Va(max)	250
Maximum Screen Voltage (volts)	Vg2(max)	150
Mutual Conductance (mA/V)	8m	92.0

 \P Taken at $V_a = 250 \text{ v}$; $V_{g2} = 100 \text{ v}$; $V_{g1} = -1.8 \text{v}$.

INTER-ELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

Anode/Earth (µµF)	cout	11.6
Anode/Control Grid (µµF)	ca,gl	.004
Control Grid/Earth (µµF)	c _{in}	6.75

DIMENSIONS

Maximum Overall Length (mm)	107
Maximum Diameter (mm)	32
Maximum Seated Height (mm)	94
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)	11
Approximate Packed Weight (ozs)	2

MOUNTING POSITION - Unrestricted.

August 1948

RADIO DIVISION

V.453

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

BULB Metallised.

BASE British Octal (B.O.7.)



Viewed from free end of pins.

CAP B.V.A. Standard

CONNEXIONS

Pin l	Heater	h
Pin 2	Cathode	k
Pin 3	Anode	a
Pin 4	Screen Grid	E2
Pin 5	Suppressor Grid	g 3
Pin 6	Metallising	M
Pin 7	Omitted	-
Pin 8	Heater	h
Top Cap	Control Grid	g_1

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RADIO DIVISION

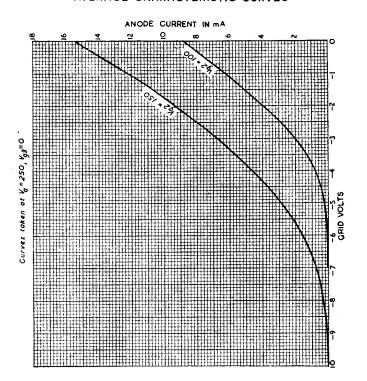
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V. 453

4.453 MAZDA V.453

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



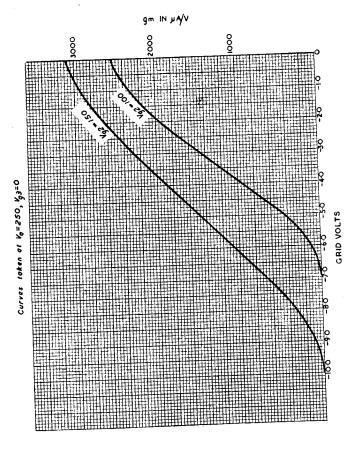
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RADIO DIVISION

V.453

SCREENED R.F. PENTODE
Indirectly heated – for parallel operation

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



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V. 453

29.D.2

IONISATION GAUGE

Directly heated filament

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
RATING			
Filament Voltage (volts)	Vf	6.0	
Filament Current (amps)	If	1.3	
Collector Voltage (volts negative) ‡		-25	
Internal Wire Electrode Voltage §		185	
Internal Wire Electrode Current (mA)		1.0	
Collector Current µA/micron pressure		20	
# It is advisable to 100,000 ohm fixed a series with this el	resistance in		
§ It is advisable to 500 ohm fixed resis series with this el	stance in		
WEIGHT			
Approximate Nett Weight (ozs)			
Approximate Packed Weight (c	ozs)	141	
MOUNTING POSITION Unrestricted.			

August 1948

29.0.1

RADIO DIVISION

29.D.2

IONISATION GAUGE Directly heated filament

TYPICAL OPERATION

De-gas electrodes before use, using normal High Vacuum Technique.

Collector is of nickel. It can be bombarded up to approximately 40w at 150 mA max.

Internal wire electrode is of molybdenum and can be bombarded at 20-25w with 60-100 mA.

Glass is C9 (Boro Silicate Type) and can be baked to 450°C.

BULB Clear

BASE Wire ends and stem.

20.0.2

EDISWAN

MAZDA VALVES

1948-9

PRICE — ONE SHILLING